

THE SKYLINE REPORT

SPONSORED BY ARVEST BANK

Commercial Real Estate
Market Summary for
Benton and Washington Counties
October 2006



Center for Business and Economic Research

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Commercial Real Estate Market Summary for Benton and Washington Counties

This report is the tenth edition of the Skyline Report for Benton and Washington Counties-Commercial Real Estate Market Analysis. Researchers at the Center for Business and Economic Research in the Sam M. Walton College of Business at the University of Arkansas produce the Skyline Report to provide timely statistical analysis of the Northwest Arkansas commercial real estate market. The information contained in the Skyline Report is critical for lenders, developers, contractors, and potential lessees. Because of the fast pace of growth in Northwest Arkansas, the commercial real estate market is fragmented with many local and national commercial real estate professionals competing to serve the needs of a burgeoning business community. Having current information and analysis provides a competitive advantage over those who make decisions without the benefit of hard data.

Highlights from the Third Quarter of 2006

- In the third quarter of 2006, 1,652,460 square feet of competitive commercial property were added to the Northwest Arkansas market. Over a million square feet of this space were included in the Pinnacle Promenade in Rogers.
- In the office market, there was negative net absorption of 73,283 feet after accounting for the entry of 315,915 new square feet of space.
- Likewise, within the retail submarket there was absorption of 844,810 square feet and the entry of 1,003,566 new square feet, netting negative net absorption of 158,756 square feet.
- The office/retail markets in Bentonville, Rogers, Fayetteville, and Springdale each experienced negative net absorption in the third quarter of 2006. There were 197,339 square feet of office/retail space added to the market, while only 100,626 square feet were occupied.
- The warehouse submarket rebounded from the second quarter with positive net absorption of 62,262 square feet, distributed in Fayetteville, Lowell, Rogers, and Springdale.
- From June to August 2006, there were \$82.7 million in commercial building permits issued in Bentonville, Fayetteville, Lowell, Rogers, Siloam Springs, and Springdale. This represents a decline of 23.7 percent over the same period in 2005.
- The spread between long term and short term interest rates became negative during July, August, and September. Long term interest rates continue to be historically attractive for developers financing their projects, but are above their low levels of the past two years.

Report Structure

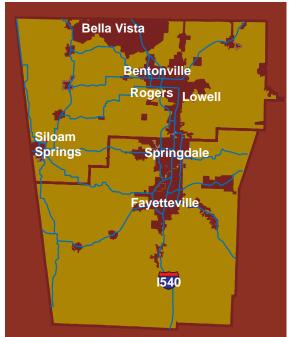
The Skyline Report presents an analysis of data from three primary sources. Information on the entire population of commercial property is gathered from the offices of the Benton and Washington County Assessors. These data sets are then filtered to exclude properties that are not part of the competitive leasing market. These excluded properties include owner-occupied buildings and other dedicated spaces. Additionally, commercial properties that do not meet certain minimum size criteria (detailed on page 40) are also filtered from the base of commercial properties considered. As a third source of data, building permit information is collected from the relevant divisions in Northwest Arkansas city governments. Finally, availability, lease rates, and other characteristics of competitive commercial properties are obtained from a panel of the largest commercial property owners and managers in Northwest Arkansas. Each of the three types of information that is collected gives a unique, but critical perspective of the local commercial property market. Without understanding what the universe of commercial properties looks like at the beginning of a period, the scale of available space for lease is meaningless. Likewise, the data that come from building permits paint a picture of what market additions are imminent. Only after setting the stage with these two perspectives do vacancy rates and market absorption numbers have real value.

In order to provide yet another level of perspective on the Northwest Arkansas commercial property market, the Skyline Report contains an overview of national and regional macroeconomic conditions. Ultimately, the real estate market is subject to the same fundamental forces that shape the rest of the economy, so having a broader view of current issues provides insights into potential challenges and opportunities for commercial property development.

To this end, the Skyline Report begins with an economic overview. Second national output and employment issues are discussed and then there is a discussion of short-term and long-term interest rate prospects. Then, recent regional economic statistics, focusing on regional employment trends, are presented. After the economic overview, the results of some focus group discussions with commercial property developers and managers are summarized in order to supplement the hard data with anecdotal evidence from market participants about regional trends.

After the summary of local perceptions, the third quarter numbers for total commercial property square feet and building permit data are presented. Within the total square feet table, breakdowns of property type by city are contained. Also, the number of square feet of competitive commercial property for which the 186 panelists provide information is broken down by city and the percentage of coverage of the competitive market is calculated. A table containing publicly announced new commercial real estate projects is presented after the summary of building permit data. This table is meant to provide an indication of the future direction of the Northwest Arkansas commercial property market. As many of these projects are still in the conceptual phase, hard data are incomplete and subject to change.

Following the table of announced commercial projects is a trends summary that includes information about vacancy rate and available space trends. There are also three tables summarizing some results from the most recent five



The Northwest Arkansas commercial market is divided into seven major categories of space:

- 1. Industrial—space that is appropriate for the manufacturing of goods
- 2. Office—space where professional business people work
- 3. Office/Retail—space that can be configured as either office or retail space or both
- 4. Office/Warehouse—space that can be configured as either office or warehouse space or both
- 5. Retail—space where goods and services can be offered and sold to the public
- 6. Retail/Warehouse—space where goods and services can be offered, sold, and stored.
- 7. Warehouse—space where goods can be stored until distributed

Further, analysts at the CBER have classified individual office, office/retail, and retail buildings into three categories: Class A, Class B, and Class C. A description of the methodology used to classify buildings is included at the end of this report. Class A space is the highest quality space available in the Northwest Arkansas market. Class B properties encompass a wide range of spaces, which have lease rates that cluster around the market average. Finally, Class C space describes properties that have subaverage lease rates and amenities.

quarters. The second table presents vacancy rates by submarket for the first, second and third quarters of 2006 and for the third and fourth quarters of 2005. The third table presents net absorption by submarket for the same time periods. These tables are the foundation for the performing trend analysis and eventually for separating the seasonal effects from real effects. The results in the tables are referred to throughout the remainder of the Skyline Report.

The next four sections present analyses of Northwest Arkansas submarkets by type of space. The office submarket is examined second, followed by the office/retail, retail, warehouse, office/warehouse, and retail/warehouse submarkets. Following these sections are commercial property summary statistics by city. There are sections for Bella Vista, Bentonville, Fayetteville, Lowell, Rogers, Siloam Springs, and Springdale.

Finally, a section on how to interpret the numbers contained in the report and a description of the commercial property classification system are offered.

By aggregating and analyzing data from a variety of sources, the Skyline Report is unique in its perspective on the Northwest Arkansas commercial property market. The information should be useful to anyone with an interest in the current workings and projected course of commercial real estate in Benton and Washington Counties.

Economic Overview

The Macro Economy at a Glance

In the second quarter of 2006, the overall real growth rate in GDP was a revised 2.6 percent, down from a 5.6 percent rate in the first quarter of 2006. The growth rate in GDP in the second quarter of 2005 was 3.3 percent, in comparison. The U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) reported that the increase in real GDP in the second quarter of 2006 primarily reflected positive contributions from personal consumption expenditures (PCE) for services, exports, nonresidential structures, state and local government spending, and private inventory investment that were partly offset by negative contributions from residential fixed investment and federal government spending. Imports, which are a subtraction in the calculation of GDP, increased. The deceleration in real GDP growth in the second quarter primarily reflected downturns in PCE for durable goods, in equipment and software, and in federal government spending, decelerations in PCE for nondurable goods and in exports, and a larger decrease in residential fixed investment that were partly offset by a deceleration in imports, an acceleration in PCE for services, and an upturn in private inventory investment. Consensus forecasts for average real GDP growth for all of 2006 are about 3.2 percent.

Turning to other data, in September, the national unemployment rate was a seasonally adjusted 4.6 percent, below the 5.4 percent three-decade average rate. The Conference Board Consumer Confidence Index, which decreased sharply in August, posted a gain in September. The Index now stands at 104.5 (1985=100), up from 100.2 in August. The Present Situation Index increased to 127.7 from 123.9. The Expectations Index rose to 89.0 from 84.4 last month. Said Lynn Franco, Director of The Conference Board Consumer Research Center: "A more favorable assessment of current conditions coupled with a less pessimistic short-term outlook boosted consumer confidence this month. However, even though consumers' concerns have eased, there is little to suggest a significant change in economic activity as we enter the final quarter of 2006."

From May 2005 to May 2006, overall inflation was moderate. During the first eight months of 2006, the CPI-U rose at a 4.6 percent seasonally adjusted annual rate (SAAR). This compares with an increase of 3.4 percent for all of 2005. The index for energy, which rose 17.1 percent in 2005, advanced at a 22.3 percent SAAR in the first eight months of 2006. In terms of construction prices, the producer price index for construction industries increased at an 8.0 percent SAAR during the first eight months of the year. For 2005, that index increased 7.8 percent.

Short-term Interest Rate Risk

The Federal Reserve paused twice in its incremental raising of short-term interest rates in the third quarter of 2006. The Fed Funds target continues to stand at 5.25 percent, up 425 basis points from its historic low in 2003. Indications are that the Fed will continue to remove monetary stimulus from the economy if inflationary pressures continue to mount, but that the Fed might actually cut rates if the

macroeconomic risks tilt more toward recession. Given this significant level of uncertainty, many observers are expecting the Federal Reserve to maintain the current "neutral" monetary policy until clear evidence mounts about the overall direction of the economy.

Long-term Interest Rate Risk

Even as short-term rates climbed from 2004 through early 2006, increases in longer term rates did not kept pace. The ten year constant maturity Treasury bill had an interest rate of 4.15 percent in January 2004 and an interest rate of 4.72 percent in September 2006, while the federal funds rate increased by 425 basis points during the same period. The upward pressure on short-term rates combined with declining long-term interest rates implied a decrease in the spread between the two. The accompanying figure shows the spread between the Fed Funds Rate and the ten year Treasury bill since January 2000. From May 2004 to June 2006, there was a 360 basis point decline in the spread. In September 2006, the spread was actually a negative 0.53 percent. This is important as a negative spread has typically been a sign of weakness in the economy and a harbinger of recession.

Regional Employment Trends

Local demand for real estate is uniquely associated with employment growth in the region. The Northwest Arkansas employment situation has been extremely conducive to both residential and commercial development in recent years. The most recent numbers show that during 2005 and 2006, the Northwest Arkansas economy has been creating new jobs at an even better pace than in 2003 and 2004. The accompanying figure shows that from January to May 2006, employment in the Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers MSA increased at above trend levels. Since January of 2001, employment growth has averaged 0.3 percent per month, or about 600 jobs per month.

In order to delve more closely into the makeup of the job growth in Northwest Arkansas, two additional figures are provided. The second shows the August 2006 Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers MSA employment breakdown by sector. As the pie chart shows, professional and business services had the largest share of employment (16.4 percent) in Northwest Arkansas, followed by manufacturing (16.0 percent), and retail trade (10.3 percent). The third figure shows the annual percentage change in the MSA's employment by sector from August 2005 to August 2006. Total nonfarm employment increased by 3.5 percent during that time, so those sectors with larger employment growth rates are increased in relative impact and those sectors with smaller employ-

Difference Between the 10-year Maturity Treasury Bill and the Federal Funds Rate



Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers MSA Employment and Trend



ment growth rates decreased in relative impact. The construction, local government, state government, professional and business services, and other services had the largest percentage increases.

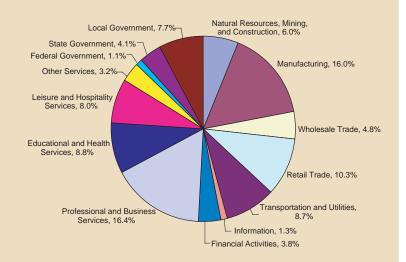
Other Regional Economic Indicators

The Bureau of Labor Statistics has revised its unemployment numbers so that the most recent measurements are consistent with those of the past five years. In August 2006, the unemployment rate in Northwest Arkansas was a preliminary 3.1 percent, barely up from 3.0 percent in August of 2005. In July 2006, the unemployment rate was at 3.7 percent. In August, the state unemployment rate was 5.3 percent and the national unemployment rate was 4.6 percent. Under any measure, Northwest Arkansas continues to outperform the state and national economies.

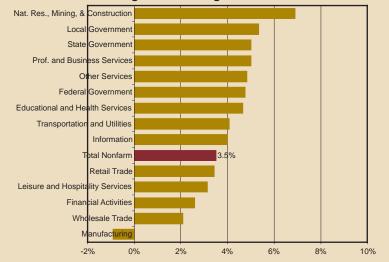
Local Perceptions of the Northwest Arkansas Commercial Property Market

Each quarter, CBER staff members have conversations with a dozen or so commercial developers and/or property managers to gain their ground-level insights on the current commercial real estate market in Benton and Washington counties. The themes of these conversations have been pretty consistent over the past year. Panelists have talked about the general state of the market, hot spots of activity, areas of softness, supply/demand imbalances, and infrastructure issues. In general, the panelists expressed a very real concern about continued rapid growth in the Northwest Arkansas commercial real estate market through 2006 and into 2007. Most of the panelists feel the commercial markets "day of reckoning" is going to happen in early 2007 and will range from a mild market correction of just a few months to a more serious downturn lasting 3 to 4 years. The main concerns this quarter: the potential oversupply of office space in the Bentonville market; the imminent completion of the Pinnacle Hills Promenade as well as several smaller retail centers, and their impact on the retail market in both the Bentonville/Rogers and Fayetteville markets; rising interest rates, and increasing construction costs; concerns about the residential markets oversupply; how the various levels of government are going to handle the continuing influx of immigrants into Northwest Arkansas; media hyping of the oversupply situation; the infrastructure situation, specifically local roads, I-540 bypasses, I-540 exits, the development of I-49, the highway 412 bypass, and sewer construction. Nonetheless, the long run health of the NWA commercial real estate market still garners very optimistic comments from the panelists.

Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers MSA Employment Breakdown by Sector August 2006



Percent Change in Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers MSA Employment Breakdown by Sector August 2005 - August 2006



The panelists still look at the Bentonville/Rogers office market as being oversupplied, particularly in Class A space. This concern includes the recognition of the amount of Class A space scheduled to come on line in the coming year. For some panelists concerns are growing about the possible effects of the oversupply in Class A for the Class B market. But other panelists feel the continued influx of vendors will keep the Class B market healthy. Part of the concern seems directly related to the Superior Building and the impact of its 400,000 square feet of space. Concern seemed stronger this quarter since the building's construction has made visible progress. In general some panelists have concerns about the "disproportionate" impact of "big buildings on a market as small as ours." The major issue with the Fayetteville office market is the difficulty in working through the greater level of rules and regulations. Some panelists remarked about projects that didn't happen in Fayetteville because of this.

However all of the panelists feel that demand in the office market remains strong. Even more then last quarter thought they feel it is just a question of finding the proper "niche" and "location, location, location" for new projects. Panelists still feel there is going to be a shake out of inexperienced people who are building commercial space. As in last quarters report panelists feel that there are strong opportunities in the under 10,000 square foot market due to continuing vendor influx, including the hoped for wave of Asian vendors and expansion of current vendor offices; and small professional offices, with an emphasis on medical office space located near the Mercy Health System. The Fayetteville office market is still considered to be tight, and there was no major concern about supply/demand imbalances there.

The retail market is still being watched closely. Panelists feel that the impact of the Pinnacle Hills developments will be significant to other "destination locations" in Northwest Arkansas, but there will be little impact on local strip retailing. But there is no uniform consensus on how severe or long lasting an impact there will be on the regions other "destination locations". As with the office market, panelists feel that there is continued room for "the right project". Several panelists also mentioned continued interest in the region from national tenants, and the fact that roof tops still means retail.

Concerns about interest rates, raw material prices, and other construction costs continue to grow. Panelists are even more concerned that those builders and developers who do not have sound financing are going to be washed out over the next couple years. In fact, there is a concern as to how can the level of building actually be slowed down. However, for builders and developers who remain on a sound financial footing there will be opportunities to meet the continuing demand for commercial real estate projects. But these projects will need to be well designed and located.

Infrastructure still remains the biggest concern for a majority of the panelists. All of the panelists recognize that Northwest Arkansas is years behind in infrastructure development. Some panelists went as far as 25 years behind. There is a big concern that Northwest Arkansas will never catch up. There are questions as to where adequate funding is going to come from, who will make the tough decisions about what order projects shall be built, how will the various city, county, and state agencies work together to make progress on the infrastructure situation. Some panelists feel there needs to be much more cooperation between the various levels of government in Northwest Arkansas, again mentioning the idea of an agency with real power to make decisions. However, other panelists believe that local governments are doing better, but they need further support from the state level.

Almost all of the panelists expressed continued optimism for long term growth. They see continued demand as people move to Northwest Arkansas. Wal-Mart, J.B. Hunt, Tyson, and the University of Arkansas remain institutions that generate optimism for the region. Continued growth in national awareness that Northwest Arkansas is a good place to live and raise a family, also contributes to the long term optimism, as does development of other cultural institutions such as Crystal Bridges.

Positive Factors:

- 1. Strong demand for all types of commercial products in Northwest Arkansas.
- 2. Continued movement of vendors into Northwest Arkansas.
- 3. Continued influx of professionals into Northwest Arkansas.
- 4. National attention to the growing MSA by developers and retailers.
- 5. Continued positive coverage of Northwest Arkansas as a good place to live and work.
- 6. Healthy Fayetteville office and retail space markets.
- 7. Healthy competition in the retail and office markets.

Negative Factors:

- 1. Infrastructure: local roads, I-540 entrances and exits, new bypasses, sewers.
- 2. Rising interest rates.
- 3. Higher raw material costs.
- 4. Oversupply of office space in Bentonville.
- 5. Over supply in the residential market.
- 6. Over-regulation of the building trade.
- 7. Impact fees.
- 8. Media hyping of potential oversupply in real estate markets.

Local Commercial Property Inventory and Building Permit Data

The following table presents the total competitive commercial property inventory in Northwest Arkansas that meets minimum square footage requirements (a complete list of these criteria are included on page 40) as of September 2006. Also included are columns detailing the total square feet and percent coverage of the total inventory for which the Skyline Report commercial property owner and manager panel provided information. For the third quarter, the Skyline Report covered 76.2 percent of the total competitive commercial property population in Northwest Arkansas. Some cities had better coverage than others. For example, the Skyline Report panelists reported information on over 100 percent of the (included) competitive commercial properties in Bentonville, but only 43.5 percent of the competitive commercial properties in Siloam Springs. Bella Vista, Fayetteville, Lowell, Rogers, and Springdale had coverages of 96.3, 65.0, 53.8, 85.5, and 72.6 percents, respectively.

In addition, building permit data from the past nine quarters are presented for six major cities in Northwest Arkansas. Building permit data are seasonal in nature and will show large fluctuations in square footage and value from quarter to quarter. Moreover, any particularly large project can skew the numbers immensely. Building permit data are also city-specific. Only Bentonville, Fayetteville, and Siloam Springs present square footage data, while only Bentonville and Fayetteville break out the different types of commercial property. A standardization of building permit applications in the region would provide much better data for comparison purposes.

From June to August 2006, there were \$82.7 million in commercial building permits issued in Bentonville, Fayetteville, Lowell, Rogers, Siloam Springs, and Springdale. This is a decline of 13.3 percent over the prior quarter, and a decline of 23.7 percent from the third quarter of 2005. Springdale accounted for about 31.0 percent of the total value of building permits in the June to August period. Rogers accounted for an additional 28.4 percent and Bentonville accounted for 25.4 percent. The table of announcements of New Commercial Property is included as an indication of the future direction of the Northwest Arkansas commercial market. The list is not exhaustive, but represents an effort to gather data at a step before the official permitting process. The managers and owners of many of these properties have provided the CBER with information about these buildings, but until construction is complete, they do not appear in the aggregated total square footage and available square footage calculations. Some of the properties listed are actually under construction, while others are only in the concept phase.

Total Square Feet and Coverage of Competitive Commercial Properties											
	Industrial ¹	Office ¹	Retail ¹	Warehouse	¹ Total¹	Panel Total Square Feet ²	Panel Coverage ²				
Bella Vista	_	247,192	14,752	61,594	323,538	311,678	96.3%				
Bentonville	165,160	3,364,181	818,055	685,718	5,033,114	5,055,621	100.4%				
Fayetteville	114,079	2,801,006	3,873,792	1,778,270	8,567,147	5,572,854	65.0%				
Lowell	164,624	315,402	138,613	341,882	960,521	516,843	53.8%				
Rogers	1,045,327	1,824,061	2,130,551	1,087,975	6,087,914	5,204,432	85.5%				
Siloam Springs	180,602	157,877	613,574	389,919	1,341,972	584,374	43.5%				
Springdale	1,142,623	1,401,661	2,122,700	2,344,291	7,011,275	5,092,537	72.6%				
Northwest Arkansas Total	2,812,415	10,111,380	9,712,037	6,689,649	29,325,481	22,338,339	76.2%				

¹Source: Benton and Washington County offices of the Assessor. The total square feet represent the population of competitive commercial properties that meet the baseline criteria set out on page 40 of this report.

²Source: Panel of 186 large Northwest Arkansas commercial property owners and managers.

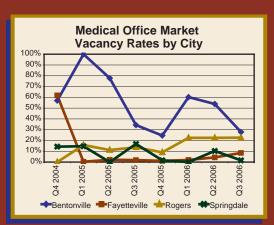
	Bentonville	Fayetteville	June - August Lowell		Siloam Springs	Springdale	NW Arkansas
Value Square Feet	\$21,014,259 577,875	\$6,147,723 86,780	\$462,712 2,484	\$23,479,198	\$5,890,000 142,760	\$25,663,800	\$82,657,692
	Bentonville	Fayetteville	March - May Lowell		Siloam Springs	Springdale	NW Arkansas
Value Square Feet	\$10,575,639 79,285	\$21,780,317 233,208	\$10,924,435 141,918	\$36,046,864	\$3,650,000 66,108	\$12,322,984	\$95,300,239
	Bentonville	Decen Fayetteville	nber 2005 - Fe Lowell		Siloam Springs	Springdale	NW Arkansas
Value Square Feet	\$37,121,720 326,759	\$20,330,697 202,809	\$2,359,019 21,008	\$44,672,800	\$165,000 9,600	\$2,151,476	\$106,800,712
	Bentonville	Sept Fayetteville	ember - Nove Lowell		Siloam Springs	Springdale	NW Arkansas
Value Squa <mark>re Fe</mark> et	\$9,674,394 88,022	\$3,519,150 9,960	\$3,275,717 5,408	\$85,896,765	\$150,000 9,300	\$15,999,816	\$118,515,842
	Bentonville	Fayetteville	June - August Lowell		Siloam Springs	Springdale	NW Arkansas
Value Square Feet	\$72,205,699 634,633	\$6,434,833 77,651	\$1,666,851 	\$24,782,039 -		\$2,982,618	\$108,272,040
	Bentonville	Fayetteville	March - May Lowell		Siloam Springs	Springdale	NW Arkansas
Value Square Feet	\$3,061,870 32,822	\$15,491,806 138,405	\$1,590,789 -	\$30,534,466 -	\$1,059,000 29,699	\$15,468,833 	\$67,206,764
	Bentonville	Decen Fayetteville	n <mark>ber 2004 - Fe</mark> Lowell		Siloam Springs	Springdale	NW Arkansas
Value Square Feet	\$8,753,636 25,866	\$18,560,094 183,189	\$390,000 -	\$26,172,000 -		\$2,614,524* 	\$56,744,954
	Bentonville	Sep Fayetteville	t <mark>ember - Nove</mark> Lowell		Siloam Springs	Springdale	NW Arkansas
Value Square Feet	\$17,242,269 156,026	\$2,750,867 22,853	\$402,891 	\$489,240 -	\$188,000 4,748	\$1,174,999 	\$22,248,266
	Bentonville	Fayetteville	June - August Lowell		Siloam Springs	Springdale	NW Arkansas
Value Square Feet	\$16,446,488 211,258	\$4,145,124 35,500	\$10,035,248 -	\$21,734,534 -		\$6,390,478 	\$60,745,265
	Bentonville	Fayetteville	March - May Lowell		Siloam Springs	Springdale	NW Arkansas
Value Square Feet	\$14,640,091 221,301	\$7,839,529 89,921	\$203,680 	\$8,804,700 —		\$2,371,888 -	\$35,581,473 -

Announcements of N	New Con	nmercial Projects			
Property	City	Owner/Developer/ Property Manager	Use	Square Feet	Expected Completion Date
Bank of The Ozarks	Bella Vista	Bank of The Ozarks	Bank	3,600	October 2006
Bank of The Ozarks	Bella Vista	Bank of The Ozarks	Bank	3,600	October 2006
"Green" Development	Bentonville	Four Frogs LLC	Mixed Use	6,460	
206 SW 2nd Street Multi-Use Building	Bentonville	Main Street Builders LLC	Mixed Use		
28th Street Commercial Building	Bentonville	Rick Thomas	Office/Retail	24,000	Mid 2007
Advanced Auto Parts	Bentonville		Retail	6,469	
Archer's East Central Business Park	Bentonville	Wayne and Victoria Martin	Mixed Use	55,166	
Arvest Bank	Bentonville	Arvest Bank	Bank	5,000	2008
Beau Terre Office Building	Bentonville	Behringer Harvard Funds	Office	11,608	
Bentonville Dialysis Center	Bentonville	Dr. Fred Smardo	Medical Office	86,035	
Center for Psychology	Bentonville	Center for Psychology	Medical Office	7,000	Fall 2006
City West	Bentonville	Chris Talley, Arkansas Sports	N		0000/0040
Compositore Didge	Dantanvilla	and Entertainment LLC	Mixed Use		2009/2010
Cornerstone Ridge	Bentonville	Tom Terminella Colliers Dickson Flake	Mixed Use	60,000	
Cottonwood Village	Bentonville		Office	60,000	The state of the s
Day Care and Commercial Building	Bentonville	Max McGaugh	Office/Retail	8,000	100000
Digital Endeavors Elm Tree Place	Bentonville Bentonville	Digital Endeavors	Office Mixed Use	7,650 16,844	1
Greystone Complex Building 3 and 4	Bentonville	Sharp Development LLC	Office	25,500	Late 2006
Hyundai of Bentonville	Bentonville	Kent Dobbs	Retail	20,000	March 2007
Landers-McLarty Nissan	Bentonville	Landers-McLarty	Retail	20,329	January 2007
Metropolitan National Bank	Bentonville	Metropolitan National Bank	Bank	20,020	2006
NW Arkansas Center for Children	Bentonville	Dept of Pediatric Services UAMS		33,000	October 2006
Oakbrooke II	Bentonville	MIDD Development	Office/Retail	26,000	Winter 2006
Parkway Bank	Bentonville	Parkway Bank	Bank	4,800	2006
PJT Commercial Building	Bentonville	PJT Development	Commercial	8,000	
Polo Park Commerical/Industrial Park	311	San Miguel LLC	Commercial/Ind	,	
Polo Park Warehouse	Bentonville	San Miguel LLC	Warehouse	108,000	
Rainbow Junction	Bentonville		Commercial		
Rescue Heroes Building	Bentonville	Rescue Heroes LLC	Office	54,000	
Retail Building on Central	Bentonville	Schaefer Properties	Retail	40,000	2006
Savannah Suites	Bentonville	Pro Con Inc	Office/Retail	42,000	Fall 2006
Tate & Haney Building	Bentonville	John Tate and Johnny Haney	Mixed Use	50,000	February 2007
The Superior Building	Bentonville	Slone-Hanna Partnership	Office	396,000	June 2007
Appleby Landing	Fayetteville	Dixie Development	Medical Office	175,000	Late 2006
Arvest Bank	Fayetteville	Arvest Bank	Bank	8,000	Spring 2008
AutoZone	Fayetteville	Nelson & Beatty Co.	Retail	7,382	N
Bank of The Ozarks	Fayetteville	Bank of The Ozarks	Bank	5,176	November 2006
Beacon Flats Bellafont II	Fayetteville Fayetteville	Beacon Flats LLC	Mixed Use	5,500	Loto 2007
Broyles Development	Fayetteville	Barber Group Broyles Development LLC	Mixed Use Mixed Use	560,000 80,000	Late 2007
CMN Business Park	Fayetteville	Dixie Development	Office	28,000	Fall 2006
Commerce Park II	Fayetteville	Dixie Development	Office	64,000	Spring 2007
Divinity Building	Fayetteville	Barber Group	Mixed Use	350,000	Opining 2007
Dixie Construction Office	Fayetteville	Dixie Development	Office	66,000	2006
Flintco Warehouse	Fayetteville	Flintco Inc.	Warehouse	114,750	2000
Highlands Oncology Clinic	Fayetteville	Highlands Oncology Group	Medical Office	11,600	Fall 2006
Hometown Center	Fayetteville	Hometown Development Ltd	Office/Retail	8,000	November 2006
Hunnicutt Building	Fayetteville	Don Hunnicutt	Office/Retail	23,000	
Legacy Building	Fayetteville	Barber Group	Mixed Use	117,000	Late Fall 2006
Malco Movies	Fayetteville	Malco	Retail	44,315	Early 2007
Metropolitan National Bank	Fayetteville	Metropolitan National Bank	Bank	9,200	Fall 2006
Metropolitan National Bank	Fayetteville	Metropolitan National Bank	Bank	4,902	
Metropolitan National Bank	Fayetteville	Metropolitan National Bank	Bank	3,505	
Nelsons Crossing	Fayetteville	Dixie Development	Office/Retail	76,555	Fall 2006
Paradise Point	Fayetteville	Kirk Elsass	Mixed Use		
Parkwest	Fayetteville	Tracy Hoskins	Office	856,000	2020
Procter & Gamble Building	Fayetteville	Procter & Gamble Inc.	Office	66,712	
Sam's Club	Fayetteville	Wal-Mart	Retail	142,898	

Announcements of New Commercial Projects (Continued)										
		Owner/Developer/		Square	Expected					
Property	City	Property Manager	Use	Feet	Completion Date					
Shoppes at Stonebridge	Fayetteville	Sean Trumbo	Retail	46,000						
Southern View, Phase II	Fayetteville	Southern View Phase II LP	Office/Retail	42,000	Late 2006					
Southpass	Fayetteville	Richard Alexander & John Nock	Retail	150,000						
Springwoods	Fayetteville	Haynes LTD	Mixed Use		2006					
Springwoods Medical Building	Fayetteville	Freeland-Kauffman and	Medical Office	11.074						
Steele Crossing Retail Center	Fayetteville	Freeland Inc.	Retail	11,974 43,000	November 2006					
Steele Plaza	Fayetteville	Irwin Partners	Office/Retail	45,126	Fall 2006					
The Dickson	Fayetteville	Collins Haynes	Mixed Use	65,143	Summer 2007					
The Lofts at Underwood Plaza	Fayetteville	AMA Real Estate Group, Nock	mixed dec	00,110	Guillinoi 2001					
		Investments, the Beldens,								
		the Underwoods	Mixed Use	118,890	Late 2007					
Township Heights	Fayetteville	Keating Enterprises	Office	11,806						
Township Office Building	Fayetteville	Keating Enterprises	Office	12,000	June 2006					
University Square	Fayetteville	Nancy Krushiker	Office/Retail	4,726	2/4/2					
University Village Center	Fayetteville	Ark 4-John Ellis & Bill Lazenby	Retail	38,774	June 2007					
VA Medical Center expansion	Fayetteville	VA Medical Center	Medical Office	151,000	4/					
Washington Regional Medical Center		Washington Reg Med Center	Medical Office	200,000	Fall 2007					
Wedington Circle	Fayetteville	Mansfield Property Management		10,000						
Wedington Circle	Fayetteville	Mansfield Property Management		6,576						
Wedington Place	Fayetteville	Mandy Burch	Retail	11,600						
Wedington Shopping Center	Fayetteville	Mathias Shopping Centers Inc	Retail	55,400						
Western Sizzlin Retail Center	Fayetteville	Mark Bazyk	Retail	5,000						
Aaron Nickells Homes' Office	Lowell	Aaron Nickell	Office	24,445						
Aryost Bonk Operations Contar	Lowell	AFRT	Warehouse Office	120,000						
Arvest Bank Operations Center Bloomington Crossing	Lowell	Arvest Bank Nickell Investments	Retail	35,590 15,076	October 2006					
UAMS Pediatric Center	Lowell	Pinnacle Group	Medical Office	40,000	March 2007					
World Gym	Lowell	Rhett Garner and Tania Zamzow		50,000	Late 2006					
Park Central		Charleton Development	Mixed Use	30,000	2007					
Advanced Auto Parts	Rogers	Advanced Auto Parts	Retail	7,000	October 2006					
Bank of The Ozarks	Rogers	Bank of The Ozarks	Bank	2,784	December 2006					
Benchmark Office Building	Rogers	Benchmark Group	Office	114,000						
Best Buy	Rogers	Best Buy	Retail	30,405	October 2006					
Centre Pointe at Pleasant Grove	Rogers	Centre Pointe LLC	Retail	250,000	2007					
Creekside Medical Park	Rogers	Colliers Dickson Flake	Med Office/Reta	il 600,000	Fall 2006					
Creekside Office Building	Rogers	Sharp Properties LLC	Office	22,000	Fall 2006					
Don's Cold Storage & Transportation	Rogers	Don Coenen	Warehouse	425,000	January 2007					
Forty-Fifth	Rogers	Barber Group	Mixed Use	750,000						
Glad Warehouse	Rogers	Bill McLard	Warehouse	400,000						
Graham Building	Rogers	Horsebarn Partners LLC	Mixed Use	72,000						
Harps	Rogers	Harps	Retail	31,500	Summer 2007					
Harris-McHaney Office Building	Rogers	Harris & Harris Properties LLC	Office Madical Office	30,000	February 2007					
Metro Park	Rogers	Collins Haynes	Medical Office	80,000	Fobruary 2007					
MetroPark Dental Office Building	Rogers	Barry Henbest and Jeff Erickson Upscale Companies LLC	Mixed Use	15,500	February 2007					
Myers Ranch Nestle Building	Rogers	H2 Holdings	Office	680,000 31,000	February 2007					
Northfork Plaza	Rogers Rogers	Jim Burkeen	Retail	31,000	1 Columny 2007					
Pinnacle Station	Rogers	Petromark Inc	Mixed Use	42,000	Summer 2007					
Pleasant Crossing	Rogers	Charles Reaves, et al		1,000,000+	2007					
Regions Bank	Rogers	Regions Bank	Bank	.,000,0001	Late 2006					
Southern Hills Business Park	Rogers	Dixie Development	Office	10,000	2007					
Sports Park Plaza	Rogers	Cody Burnett	Office/Retail	19,500						
Walnut and 37th St	Rogers	Dixie Development	Retail	24,118						
Westin Hotel and Condos	Rogers	Barber Group	Hotel/Retail/Cor		Fall 2008					
White Oak Station	Rogers	Stephen Lair	Office/Retail	27,414						
Center Theater		Center Cinemas	Retail	22,960	Spring 2007					
DaySprings Cards Building		DaySprings Cards	Office	36,000	February 2007					
Lowe's	Siloam Springs	Lowe's	Retail	130,000	January 2007					

mmons Pet Food Siloam Springs Simmons Pet Food Industrial 114,000 November 20 Springdale Bella Homes Office Springdale Bella Homes Office 8,400 April 2007 Springdale Cargill Industrial 83,000 April 2007 Springdale Cavalier Devlopment Office/Warehouse Springdale Elder Construction Office/Warehouse Office/Warehouse Industrial Building Springdale Elder Construction Office/Warehouse Industrial Springdale Industrial Industrial Springdale Industrial Industrial Industrial Industrial Industrial Industri	Property	City	Owner/Developer/ Property Manager	Use	Square Feet	Expected Completion Date
argill Freezer and Production Facility Springdale valier Commercial Buildings Springdale						October 2006 November 200
avaller Commercial Buildings springdale seter Ave Commercial Buildings - George & Sons Retail Building springdale Springd	sella Homes Office	Springdale	Bella Homes		8,400	April 2007
Ceorge & Sons Retail Building esept Downs seed Downs Servingdate seed Downs Servingdate Springdate	avalier Commercial Buildings	Springdale	Cavalier Devlopment		;	•
scovery Center Project Springdale	L George & Sons Retail Building	Springdale			55,000	
setCare Family Doctors Office Springdale Abberton Ridge Barber Meadows Medical Building Barber Meadows Medical Office Barber Me	iscovery Center Project	Springdale	Tyson Foods Inc	Office	358,000	Fall 2006-200
abberton Ridge			Springdale Family Medical			
ar-Ber Meadows Medical Building Springdale Springdale Legacy National Bank Springdale Legacy National Bank Bank/Office 20,000 October 2006 etropolitan National Bank Springdale Sage Partners Mixed Use 70,000 Early 2007				Mixed Use		0
etropolitan National Bank Springdale Springdale Sage Partners Bank 3,700 Mixed Use 70,000 Early 2007	ar-Ber Meadows Medical Building	Springdale	Washington Reg Med Center	Medical Office	31,860	2007
						October 2006
		H				









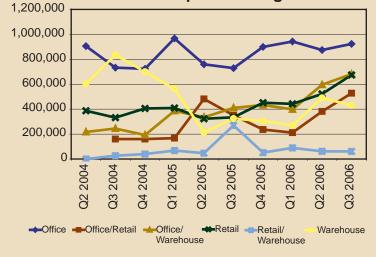
Trends Summary

This version of the Skyline Report represents the tenth quarter that data have been collected. Therefore, annual comparisons can be made to minimize the effects of attributing too much weight to seasonal changes. The accompanying graphs show how vacancy rates and available square footage have changed in the office, office/retail, and retail submarkets over the past year. Also, a table presents the total absorption over the past year by city and submarket. The following three pages have tables with more detailed information about vacancy rates, absorption, and available space.

Net Absorption by Submarket September 2005 - August 2006

		Submarket		
	Office	Office/Retail	Retail	Warehouse
Bella Vista	550	-23,583	-3,000	0
Bentonville	21,422	-35,637	-9,770	-104,550
Fayetteville	15,976	-97,519	-9,181	21,000
Lowell	5,050	-2,210	-1,866	-3,750
Rogers	-170,412	-83,290	-124,388	39,594
Siloam Springs	2,550	7,400	-1,599	0
Springdale	-1,436	-22,566	-10,472	71,625
Northwest Arkansas	-126,300	-257,405	-160,276	23,919

Northwest Arkansas Available Square Footage







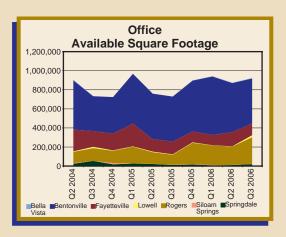


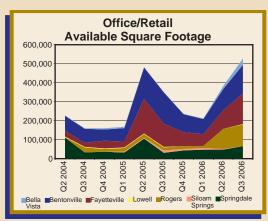
Over the past twelve months, in the office submarket, negative net absorption in Rogers dwarfed positive net absorption in the other cities in Northwest Arkansas. Indeed, Rogers had negative net absorption of office space in the third quarter of 2006 that was roughly equivalent to the twelve month net for the region. Available office square footage in Northwest Arkansas grew by about 194,000 square feet from the third quarter of 2005 to the third quarter of 2006. This was primarily due to increases in available office space in Rogers. Fayetteville alone had less available office space in the third quarter of 2006 than they had in the third quarter of 2005. Over the past year 713,733 square feet of new office space became available for the first time. In the third quarter of 2006, Northwest Arkansas had 923,163 square feet of office space available for lease, up from 729,200 square feet in the third quarter of 2005. The overall Northwest Arkansas office vacancy rate has fallen from 15.8 percent to 15.2 percent in the same time period. However, the vacancy rates in the Rogers office market are much higher at 20.3 percent, up from 9.9 percent a year ago.

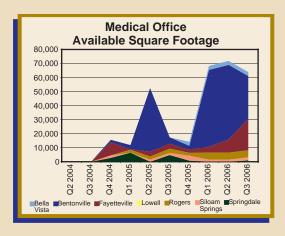
The office/retail market experienced negative net absorption of 257,405 square feet during the past twelve months. The majority of negative net absorption was in Rogers and Fayetteville. New square footage totaling 469,213 was added to the market during the same time period. In the third quarter of 2006, 527,719 square feet of office/retail space were available. This space was primarily located in Bentonville, Fayetteville, and Rogers.

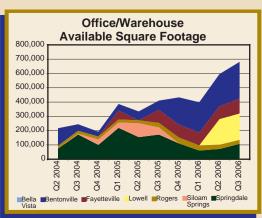
The retail market also has experienced negative net absorption in the past twelve months. Although 78 percent of the negative net absorption has been in Rogers, each city in Northwest Arkansas has experienced some degree of negative net absorption in the retail submarket over the past year. There were 1,204,159 new square feet of retail space added to the Northwest Arkansas market during the past twelve months-of that amount, only about 100,000 square feet were located in cities other than Rogers. In the third quarter of 2006, a total of 674,210 square feet of space were available in Northwest Arkansas, up from 334,507 square feet at the same time in the prior year.

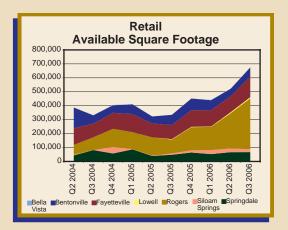
The Northwest Arkansas warehouse market experienced positive net absorption of 23,919 square feet from the third quarter of 2005 to the third quarter of 2006. Vacancy rates declined from 17.6 percent to 12.4 percent, while the number of available square feet rose from 324,287 to 429,142. A total of 87,000 square feet of new warehouse space were added to the Northwest Arkansas market during that time. Bentonville and Lowell were the only cities that experienced negative net absorption since the third quarter of last year in the warehouse submarket.

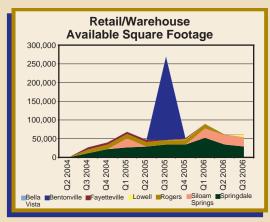


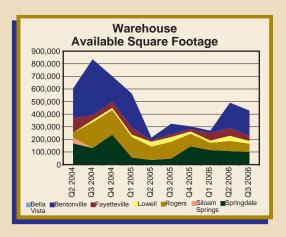








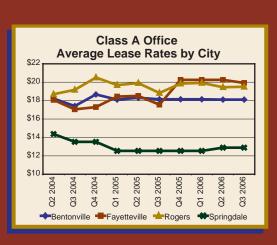




Vacancy Rates by Submarket										
				Office						
	Bella Vista	Bentonville	Fayetteville	Lowell	Rogers	Siloam Springs	Springdale	NW Arkansas		
Q3 2005 Q4 2005 Q1 2006 Q2 2006 Q3 2006	17.2% 20.4% 20.4% 35.5% 35.5%	21.9% 22.3% 24.1% 20.0% 17.8%	13.7% 9.0% 8.6% 10.9% 9.0%	4.3% 4.2% 1.3% 1.8% 12.5%	9.9% 16.2% 16.4% 14.0% 20.3%	7.0% 3.3% 1.9% 2.7%	3.7% 4.2% 2.2% 2.6% 5.0%	15.8% 16.0% 16.7% 14.8% 15.2%		
Medical Office										
	Bella Vista	Bentonville	Fayetteville	Lowell	Rogers	Siloam Springs	Springdale	NW Arkansas		
Q3 2005 Q4 2005 Q1 2006 Q2 2006 Q3 2006	34.6% 34.6% 34.6% 34.6%	34.3% 24.6% 60.2% 53.9% 27.9%	1.8% 1.1% 2.0% 4.3% 8.5%	-	13.7% 9.0% 22.5% 22.5% 22.6%	4.1% 7.0% 2.1% 2.1% 3.1%	16.8% 1.6% 0.0% 10.3% 1.6%	5.8% 4.2% 15.3% 15.1% 16.1%		
				ce/Retail			1 1 1 1 1 1			
MA COMPANY OF THE PARTY OF THE	Bella Vista	Bentonville	Fayetteville	Lowell	Rogers	Siloam Springs	Springdale	NW Arkansas		
Q3 2005 Q4 2005 Q1 2006 Q2 2006 Q3 2006	2.9% 3.2% 4.2% 6.4% 12.9%	27.6% 17.1% 14.2% 18.5% 23.0%	17.3% 11.8% 9.2% 13.3% 16.8%	16.7% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 13.9%	6.8% 8.4% 6.4% 31.0% 19.4%	13.5% 15.8% 17.7% 7.1% 0.0%	10.3% 14.1% 14.4% 12.8% 16.4%	17.6% 13.4% 11.3% 14.9% 18.2%		
Office/Warehouse Bella Vista Bentonville Fayetteville Lowell Rogers Siloam Springs Springdale NW Arkansas										
Q3 2005 Q4 2005 Q1 2006 Q2 2006 Q3 2006		25.4% 31.4% 32.5% 33.0% 30.5%	93.8% 93.8% 93.8% 93.8% 94.6%	 - 100.0% 94.7%	12.3% 13.2% 12.3% 5.5% 8.1%	44.9% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0%	56.8% 24.9% 13.7% 7.0% 8.1%	39.9% 27.5% 20.1% 24.5% 23.2%		
	Bella Vista	Bentonville	Fayetteville	Retail Lowell	Rogers	Siloam Springs	Springdale	NW Arkansas		
Q3 2005 Q4 2005 Q1 2006 Q2 2006 Q3 2006	0.0% 0.0% 3.9% 0.0% 0.0%	21.2% 20.1% 18.6% 16.8% 17.2%	6.1% 6.5% 5.7% 5.6% 6.3%	7.8% 4.7% 4.7% 10.9% 10.4%	13.8% 15.1% 12.8% 17.2% 14.6%	4.9% 6.0% 10.6% 8.8% 6.7%	6.2% 7.8% 6.8% 4.9% 5.0%	8.7% 9.9% 9.0% 9.3% 9.7%		
	Bella Vista	Bentonville	Retail/\ Fayetteville	Warehous Lowell		Siloam Springs	Springdale	NW Arkansas		
Q3 2005 Q4 2005 Q1 2006 Q2 2006 Q3 2006	- - - -	95.7% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0%	0.0% 20.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0%	7.5% 0.0% 0.0% 55.2%	60.0% 60.0% 60.0% 9.3% 0.0%	100.0% 100.0% 100.0%	28.3% 28.3% 34.8% 13.2% 11.1%	70.3% 25.7% 33.0% 18.1% 16.5%		
	Bella Vista	Bentonville	War Fayetteville	ehouse Lowell	Rogers	Siloam Springs	Springdale	NW Arkansas		
Q3 2005 Q4 2005 Q1 2006 Q2 2006 Q3 2006	 0.0% 0.0%	40.6% 4.8% 4.5% 39.7% 41.1%	2.1% 1.9% 7.7% 8.1% 5.2%	100.0% 63.9% 63.9% 79.6% 43.5%	28.8% 19.2% 11.2% 24.8% 18.2%		29.6% 32.9% 21.2% 10.7% 10.0%	17.6% 12.4% 11.7% 18.5% 16.0%		

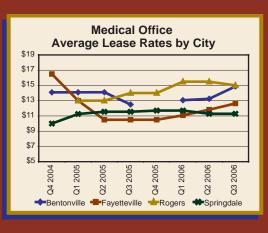
Net Absorption by Submarket										
				Office						
	Bella Vista	Bentonville	Fayetteville	Lowell	Rogers	Siloam Springs	Springdale	NW Arkansas		
Q3 2005 Q4 2005 Q1 2006 Q2 2006 Q3 2006	0 550 0 0	953 10,860 -77,447 51,815 36,194	34,170 4,968 3,891 -25,444 32,561	896 50 3,500 1,500	-21,566 -88,559 17,275 29,386 -128,514	 2,050 1,200 -700	5,989 1,900 8,601 887 -12,824	20,442 -70,231 -42,130 59,344 -73,283		
Medical Office										
-	Bella Vista	Bentonville	Fayetteville	Lowell	Rogers	Siloam Springs	Springdale	NW Arkansas		
Q3 2005 Q4 2005 Q1 2006 Q2 2006 Q3 2006	- 0 0 0 0	-2,850 0 -43,500 1,510 19,400	0 1,300 511 -804 -4,600		-898 1,048 -3,000 0 -32	0 -2,017 2,050 0 -700	3,534 4,000 750 0 -900	-214 4,331 -43,189 706 13,168		
	5 11 17 4	D (99		ce/Retail				.		
Q3 2005 Q4 2005 Q1 2006 Q2 2006 Q3 2006	212 700 -728 -4,980 -18,575	-6,323 3,581 14,408 -24,143 -29,483	16,746 -31,648 3,218 -31,287 -37,802	0 0 0 0 0 -2,210	2,900 -10,299 3,500 -70,020 -6,471	-5,000 -600 -1,000 5,400 3,600	Springdale 11,179 -12,380 -3,846 -568 -5,772	19,714 -50,646 15,552 -125,598 -96,713		
	Bella Vista	Bentonville	Office/ Fayetteville	Warehous Lowell	Rogers	Siloam Springs	Springdale	NW Arkansas		
Q3 2005 Q4 2005 Q1 2006 Q2 2006 Q3 2006		-14,400 199,300 -16,528 -8,935 -32,750	27,360 0 0 0 0	- - - 0 -4,720	-10,872 0 2,000 14,412 1,470	0 50,507 0 0	-18,000 -39,959 49,170 11,900 7,900	-15,912 209,848 34,642 17,377 -28,100		
	Bella Vista	Bentonville	Fayetteville	Retail Lowell	Rogers	Siloam Springs	Springdale	NW Arkansas		
Q3 2005 Q4 2005 Q1 2006 Q2 2006 Q3 2006	0 0 -3,000 0 0	90 -15,293 2,854 11,336 -8,667	5,857 10,794 15,424 1,775 -37,174	-2,809 3,200 0 -3,750 -1,316	2,616 -66,311 21,217 27,247 -106,541	-10,000 -275 -12,480 4,080 7,076	10,600 2,600 13,010 -13,948 -12,134	6,354 -65,285 37,025 26,740 -158,756		
	Bella Vista	Bentonville	Retail/ Fayetteville	Warehous Lowell	se Rogers	Siloam Springs	Springdale	NW Arkansas		
Q3 2005 Q4 2005 Q1 2006 Q2 2006 Q3 2006	-	0 20,560 0 0 0	5,900 0 3,600 0	18,500 1,500 0 -6,200	0 0 0 0 1,500	 0 0 0	-5,304 0 -7,500 42,640 16,520	596 39,060 -2,400 42,640 11,820		
	Bella Vista	Bentonville	Waı Fayetteville	rehouse Lowell	Rogers	Siloam Springs	Springdale	NW Arkansas		
Q3 2005 Q4 2005 Q1 2006 Q2 2006 Q3 2006	 0 0	-10,200 64,150 11,900 -180,600 0	12,000 0 0 -500 21,500	-400 0 0 -22,150 18,400	0 16,800 42,622 -34,940 15,112	- - - - -	0 20,925 43,350 0 7,350	1,400 101,875 97,872 -238,190 62,362		

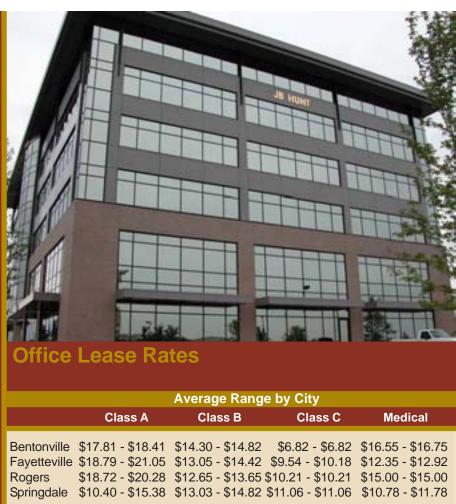
Available Square Footage by Submarket										
				Office						
	Bella Vista	Bentonville	Fayetteville	Lowell	Rogers	Siloam Springs	Springdale	NW Arkansas		
Q3 2005 Q4 2005 Q1 2006 Q2 2006 Q3 2006	550 2,800 2,800 4,100 4,100	470,913 532,409 613,063 513,663 472,317	134,189 115,007 107,584 149,239 122,930	5,050 5,000 1,500 2,250 21,088	105,888 223,920 206,645 193,635 279,661	1,533 3,550 2,700 1,500 2,200	11,077 16,427 7,826 10,188 20,867	729,200 899,113 942,118 874,575 923,163		
Medical Office										
	Bella Vista	Bentonville	Fayetteville	Lowell	Rogers	Siloam Springs	Springdale	NW Arkansas		
Q3 2005 Q4 2005 Q1 2006 Q2 2006 Q3 2006	2,800 2,800 2,800 2,800 2,800	4,571 2,850 54,734 53,224 30,440	3,507 2,207 4,196 9,300 22,501		3,048 2,000 5,000 5,000 5,032	1,533 3,550 1,500 1,500 2,200	4,750 750 0 0 900	17,409 14,157 68,230 71,824 63,873		
				ce/Retail						
	Bella Vista	Bentonville	Fayetteville	Lowell	Rogers	Siloam Springs	Springdale	NW Arkansas		
Q3 2005 Q4 2005 Q1 2006 Q2 2006 Q3 2006	1,604 2,464 3,192 15,172 33,747	165,245 93,852 79,535 111,559 150,678	121,058 73,873 61,651 98,138 160,931	3,200 0 0 0 2,210	15,880 14,679 11,179 105,539 114,829	12,525 8,000 9,000 3,600 0	30,958 43,338 47,184 47,752 65,324	350,470 236,206 211,741 381,760 527,719		
Office/Warehouse Bella Vista Bentonville Fayetteville Lowell Rogers Siloam Springs Springdale NW Arkansas										
Q3 2005 Q4 2005 Q1 2006 Q2 2006 Q3 2006		65,000 191,100 210,628 224,863 257,613	90,326 90,326 90,326 90,326 104,326	 179,000 183,720	31,872 41,736 36,736 30,084 28,614	50,500 0 0 0 0	172,350 109,809 60,639 71,706 107,306	410,048 432,971 398,329 595,979 681,579		
	Bella Vista	Bentonville	Fayetteville	Retail Lowell	Rogers	Siloam Springs	Springdale	NW Arkansas		
Q3 2005 Q4 2005 Q1 2006 Q2 2006 Q3 2006	0 0 3,000 0 0	73,261 83,681 70,827 53,766 64,033	101,008 119,069 117,645 114,870 149,244	2,809 2,809 2,809 6,559 7,875	99,682 165,993 166,264 253,829 365,370	10,000 15,400 29,080 26,500 20,354	47,747 64,472 52,462 66,410 67,334	334,507 451,424 442,087 521,934 674,210		
	Bella Vista	Bentonville	Retail/ Fayetteville	Warehous Lowell	Rogers	Siloam Springs	Springdale	NW Arkansas		
Q3 2005 Q4 2005 Q1 2006 Q2 2006 Q3 2006	- - - -	222,960 0 0 0 0	3,600 0 0	1,500 0 0 6,200	12,000 12,000 12,000 1,500 0	25,100 25,110 25,110 25,110	34,200 34,200 52,200 34,560 29,100	269,160 51,300 89,300 61,170 60,410		
	Bella Vista	Bentonville	Wa Fayetteville	rehouse Lowell	Rogers	Siloam Springs	Springdale	NW Arkansas		
Q3 2005 Q4 2005 Q1 2006 Q2 2006 Q3 2006	 0 0	84,750 20,600 20,700 201,300 201,300	20,000 20,000 57,000 61,000 40,000	38,400 18,400 18,400 40,550 22,150	133,662 100,311 57,689 80,854 65,742	 	47,475 144,650 115,300 107,300 99,950	324,287 303,961 269,089 491,004 429,142		











Office

In the third quarter of 2006, the office properties included in the Skyline Report panel had a vacancy rate of 15.2 percent, up from 14.8 percent in the second quarter of 2006. Of the 6.1 million square feet of Northwest Arkansas properties examined, 923,163 square feet are currently available. This is up from 874,575 available square feet of office space in the second quarter of 2006. From the second quarter to the third quarter of 2006, 315,915 square feet of new office space entered the market, while 242,632 square feet of space were absorbed, yielding negative net absorption of 73,283.

Of the 923,163 square feet of available office space in Northwest Arkansas, about 51 percent is located in Bentonville and comprises Class A and Class B space. The Bentonville Plaza property accounts for about 27.5 percent of the unoccupied office space in Bentonville, down from 30 percent in the previous quarter. While Bentonville Plaza continues to play a role in the oversupply in the Bentonville market, now there is even more square footage sitting vacant in the Class B market. In the third quarter, 153,740 square feet of office space became occupied, while an additional 117,546 square feet of office space entered the market, for a positive net absorption of 36,194 square feet.

While Bentonville had over 472,000 square feet of available office space, Rogers had almost 280,000 square feet available. In the Rogers office submarket, Class A accounted for almost 77.8 percent of all available space while Class B accounted for 19.9 percent and Class C and medical space split the remainder. There was negative net absorption of 128,514 square feet in the third quarter of 2006. Class A and B space experienced negative net absorption, with the addition of almost 175,000 square feet of office space. There was limited activity in the medical office submarket in Rogers during the same time period.

Fayetteville had 122,930 square feet of available office space in the third quarter of 2006. About 81 percent of the available office space in Fayetteville was in the Class B submarket, while Class B space accounted for just over 30 percent and the remainder was in the medical office market. From the second quarter to the third quarter of 2006, there was positive net absorption of 5,350 square feet in the Class A office submarket. In the Class B office submarket, 27,611 square feet of space became occupied and in the Class C office submarket 4,200 square feet became occupied. The medical office submarket experienced negative absorption of 4,600 square feet. No new office space was added to the Fayetteville submarket in the third quarter.

The Springdale office market had only 20,867 square feet of available space in the third quarter. A total of 10,645 square feet became occupied in the Class B submarket, while 23,569 square feet were added to the market, netting negative absorption of 12, 924. The medical office space submarket had negative net absorption of 900 square feet, almost offsetting the 1,000 square feet of positive absorption in the Class C market.

Office lease rates were highest, on average, for Class A office space in Fayetteville and Rogers, averaging about \$20 per square foot. Class A space average lease rates remained nearly constant in Bentonville and Springdale in the third quarter. Class B office space was most expensive in Bentonville and least expensive on average in Rogers. Average Class B office lease rates

			Class A	A Office			
	Total Square Feet¹	Available Square Feet ¹	Percent Available ¹	Absorption from Q2 to Q3 ²	New Available Square Feet ¹	Net Absorption ^{1,2}	Months of Inventory ^{1,}
Bentonville	399,076	162,257	40.7%	21,506	0	21,506	22.6
ayetteville	165,043	37,464	22.7%	5,350	0	5,350	21.0
Rogers	899,073	217,523	24.2%	44,038	146,800	-102,762	
Springdale							-
				3 Office			
	Total Square Feet ¹	Available Square Feet¹	Percent Available ¹	Absorption from Q2 to Q3 ²	New Available Square Feet ¹	Net Absorption ^{1, 2}	Months of Inventory ^{1,}
Bentonville	2,134,491	277,299	13.0%	104,744	107,135	-2,391	The same
-ayetteville	816,167	62,965	7.7%	27,611	0	27,611	6.8
Rogers	392,863	55,688	14.2%	48	28,000	-27,952	T VE
Springdale	178,519	33,984	19.0%	6,628	12,600	-5,972	
			Class (Office			
	Total Square Feet ¹	Available Square Feet ¹	Percent Available ¹	Absorption from Q2 to Q3 ²	New Available Square Feet ¹	Net Absorption ^{1,2}	Months of Inventory ^{1,}
Bentonville	9,571	2,321	24.3%	-2,321	0	-2,321	
Fayetteville	121,946	0	0.0%	4,200	0	4,200	0.0
Rogers	60,101	1,418	2.4%	2,232	0	2,232	1.9
Springdale	220,398	31,340	14.2%	200	0	200	470.1
			Medica	I Office			
	Total Square Feet¹	Available Square Feet ¹	Percent Available ¹	Absorption from Q2 to Q3 ²	New Available Square Feet ¹	Net Absorption ^{1,2}	Months of Inventory ^{1,}
Bentonville	109,198	30,440	27.9%	29,811	10,411	19,400	4.7
ayetteville	265,747	22,501	8.5%	-4,600	0	-4,600	
Rogers	22,265	5,032	22.6%	-32	0	-32	100
Springdale	1,318,135	107,306	8.1%	15,100	7,200	7,900	40.7







increased sharply in Springdale and moderately in Fayetteville and Rogers. In the third quarter, reported average lease rates for Class C office space in Springdale, Rogers, and Bentonville increased. Reported average medical office space lease rates increased in Fayetteville and were fairly constant elsewhere during the quarter.

Office/Retail

In the third quarter of 2006, the office/retail properties included in the CBER sample had a vacancy rate of 18.0 percent, up from 14.9 percent in the second quarter. Of the 2.9 million square feet of Northwest Arkansas properties examined, 527,719 square feet were available. From the second quarter to the third quarter of 2006, 197,339 new square feet of office/retail space were added to the market, while 100,626 square feet of space became occupied. This yielded a negative net absorption of 96,713 square feet.

The majority of the new office/retail space and the absorption of office/ retail space occurred in the Fayetteville Class A and Class B submarkets. The rest of the new available square footage was located in the Class B submarket in Bentonville, Springdale, and Rogers. Each of these cities did experience positive absorption, but the addition of new space meant that net absorption was negative. In the Class C office/retail submarket, only Springdale experienced negative net absorption.

Fayetteville and Bentonville had the largest amount of available square feet in the office/retail submarket with 160,931 and 150,678 square feet available, respectively. This translated to vacancy rates of 16.8 and 23.0 percents. Rogers had a fair amount of available office/retail space available

as well with 114,829 square feet and 19.4 percent vacancy. Springdale had reported available office/retail square footage of 65,324 with a 16.4 percent vacancy rate.

Office/retail space average reported lease rates did not change much in the third quarter. There was a noticeable increase in average reported Class B rates in Fayetteville and a noticeable decline in average Class B rates in Rogers. Fayetteville also experienced a reported average increase in Class C rates, while the other cities had constant average lease rates in that submarket.

1	0.76				-10111						
Office/Ret	ail Space C	haracter	istics by	y Class and	City						
				ffice/Retail							
	Total Square Feet ¹	Available Square Feet ¹	Percent Available ¹	Absorption from Q2 to Q3 ²	New Available Square Feet ¹	Net Absorption ^{1, 2}	Months of Inventory ^{1,2}				
Bentonville	38,910	8,325	21.4%	0	0	0	M - M				
Fayetteville	86,000	34,000	39.5%	40,000	74,000	-34,000	10-50				
Rogers	129,316	69,670	53.9%	0	0	0	J. 1 - 18				
Springdale	N -	-	-	- 1	- I	184-11	7				
Class B Office/Retail											
	Total Square Feet ¹	Available Square Feet ¹	Percent Available ¹	Absorption from Q2 to Q3 ²	New Available Square Feet ¹	Net Absorption ^{1, 2}	Months of Inventory ^{1,2}				
Bentonville	523,169	132,783	25.4%	7,786	38,869	-31,083	- 13				
Fayetteville	657,858	90,635	13.8%	26,548	32,870	-6,322	884-				
Rogers	77,012	34,259	44.5%	10,000	14,000	-4,000	17-51				
Springdale	178,519	33,984	19.0%	6,628	12,600	-5,972	-				
			Class C O	ffice/Retail							
	Total Square Feet ¹	Available Square Feet ¹	Percent Available ¹	Absorption from Q2 to Q3 ²	New Available Square Feet ¹	Net Absorption ^{1, 2}	Months of Inventory ^{1,2}				
Bentonville	91,849	9,570	10.4%	1,600	0	1,600	17.9				
Fayetteville	212,222	36,296	17.1%	2,520	0	2,520	43.2				
Rogers	176,506	10,900	6.2%	-2,471	0	-2,471	-				
Springdale	220,398	31,340	14.2%	200	0	200	470.1				

¹From all Q3 2006 respondents

²From Q3 2006 respondents who were also Q2 2006 respondents









Retail Lease Rates

	Average Range by City									
	Class A	Class B	Class C							
Bentonville Fayetteville Rogers Springdale	\$16.00 - \$19.50 \$19.75 - \$22.00 \$18.20 - \$18.68	\$13.60 - \$13.98 \$12.67 - \$14.53 \$9.99 - \$10.81 \$11.30 - \$13.56	\$11.34 - \$11.51 \$8.98 - \$10.33 \$8.42 - \$9.42 \$7.16 - \$7.66							

Retail

In the third quarter of 2006, the retail properties included in the CBER panel had a vacancy rate of 9.7 percent, which was up from the 9.3 percent reported in the second quarter of 2006. Of the 6.9 million square feet of Northwest Arkansas retail properties examined, 674,210 square feet were available. From the second quarter to the third quarter of 2006, there was a positive absorption of 836,824 square feet of retail space, with 1,003,566 square feet of new retail space coming on the market (almost all at the Pinnacle Promenade), netting negative absorption of 166,742 square feet.

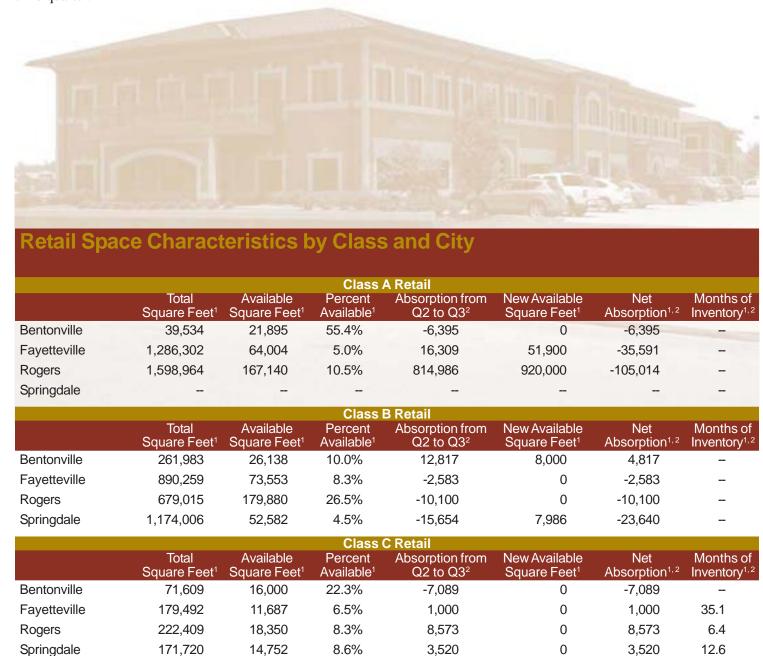
Bentonville had 373,126 total square feet and 64,033 available square feet of retail space in the third quarter, resulting in a vacancy rate of 17.2 percent. This represented an increase from the rate of 16.8 percent in the second quarter of 2006. A total of 667 square feet became available in the Bentonville retail market, while 8,000 square feet of new space entered the market, yielding negative net absorption of 8,667 square feet.

In the third quarter of 2006, Fayetteville had a retail vacancy rate of 6.3 percent, up from 5.6 percent in the second quarter, with 149,244 available square feet out of a total of 2,356,053. There was reported positive absorption of 16,309 square feet in the Class A retail submarket, reported negative absorption of 2,583 square feet in the Class B submarket, and reported positive absorption of 1,000 square feet in the Class C submarket. A total of 51,900 Class A retail square feet were added during the third quarter in Fayetteville.

The Rogers market had 365,370 square feet of available retail space out of a total of 2.5 million square feet for a vacancy rate of 14.6 percent in the third quarter. This rate was actually a decline from the second quarter rate of 17.2 percent, despite the addition of almost a million square feet to the Rogers submarket. A total of 814,986 square feet were absorbed in the Class A submarket, while 920,000 new square feet were added. In the Class B, submarket, 10,100 square feet became available while 8,573 square feet were absorbed in the Class C retail submarket.

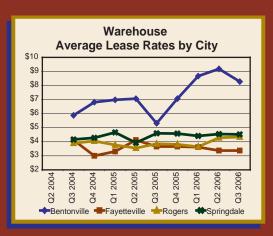
There were 67,334 square feet of available retail space out of a total of 1.3 million square feet in Springdale in the third quarter. This implies a vacancy rate of 5.0 percent, basically unchanged from 4.9 percent in the second quarter of 2006. A total of 7,986 square feet of Class be space was added to the Springdale market in the third quarter. Negative absorption of 15,654 square feet was reported in the Class B submarket and positive absorption of 3,520 square feet was reported in the Class C retail submarket.

Reported average lease rates were mixed. Class A space showed a small decline in average reported lease rates in Fayetteville. For Class B space, lease rates were basically unchanged in Rogers and Springdale and up a little in Bentonville and Fayetteville. Class C reported average lease rates were basically unchanged. No new pricing trends emerged in the retail submarket in the third quarter.



¹From all Q3 2006 respondents

²From Q3 2006 respondents who were also Q2 2006 respondents







Other Lease Rates

Average Range by City									
	Warehouse	Office/ Warehouse	Retail/ Warehouse						
Bentonville Fayetteville Rogers Springdale	\$7.79 - \$8.77 \$3.37 - \$3.37 \$4.09 - \$4.59 \$3.95 - \$5.09	\$10.03 - \$11.88 \$5.40 - \$5.80 \$5.66 - \$7.17 \$5.12 - \$8.16	\$3.84 - \$5.56 \$5.08 - \$5.08 \$6.70 - \$6.70 \$6.15 - \$8.00						

Warehouse

In the third quarter of 2006, the warehouse properties included in the CBER panel had a vacancy rate of 16.0 percent. This was a decline from the second quarter vacancy rate of 18.5 percent and is mostly due vacancy rates declining in Fayetteville and Rogers. Of the 2.7 million square feet of warehouse space examined, 429,142 square feet were available in the third quarter. No new warehouse space was added to the market in the third quarter.

As in the previous quarter, the majority of available warehouse space was in Bentonville, with over 200,000 square feet. Springdale had almost 100,000 square feet of warehouse space available, and the remainder was split between Fayetteville, Rogers, and Lowell. Reported warehouse vacancy rates declined everywhere except Bentonville in the third quarter.

Bentonville continued to have the most expensive average warehouse lease rates, even with a reported decline of about \$1.00. The average reported warehouse lease rates in Rogers, Fayetteville and Springdale were basically unchanged.

Office/Warehouse

The CBER panelists reported on 2.9 million square feet of office/ warehouse space in the third quarter. The vacancy rate in the office/ warehouse submarket declined to 23.2 percent in Northwest Arkansas, with 681,579 total square feet available in the third quarter. From the second quarter to the third quarter of 2006, there was positive absorption of 107,540 square feet of office/warehouse space, while 135,640 new square feet came online, netting negative absorption of 28,100. The vacancy rate decline was the result of new properties being added to the Skyline Report sample.

The activity in the office/warehouse submarket in the third quarter was concentrated in Bentonville and Springdale. New space came online in each of the cities. Fayetteville, Lowell and Siloam Springs had no activity. The bulk of available office/warehouse space was in Bentonville and Lowell in the third quarter.

Despite already being significantly higher than the rest of the region, in the third quarter, the office/warehouse average lease rates in Bentonville was

Other Space Characteristics by Class and City

	Warehouse Warehouse Page 1997 1997 1997 1997 1997 1997 1997 199											
	Total Square Feet ¹	Available Square Feet ¹	Percent Available ¹	Absorption from Q2 to Q3 ²	New Available Square Feet ¹	Net Absorption ^{1,2}	Months of Inventory ^{1,2}					
Bentonville	489,675	201,300	41.1%	0	0	0						
Fayetteville	763,192	40,000	5.2%	21,500	0	21,500	5.6					
Rogers	361,580	65,742	18.2%	15,112	0	15,112	13.1					
Springdale	1,001,558	99,950	10.0%	7,350	0	7,350	40.8					

	Office/Warehouse											
	Total Square Feet ¹	Available Square Feet ¹	Percent Available ¹	Absorption from Q2 to Q3 ²	New Available Square Feet ¹	Net Absorption ^{1,2}	Months of Inventory ^{1,2}					
Bentonville	843,666	257,613	30.5%	86,250	119,000	-32,750						
Fayetteville	110,326	104,326	94.6%	0	0	0						
Rogers	352,422	28,614	8.1%	1,470	0	1,470	58.4					
Springdale	1,318,135	107,306	8.1%	15,100	7,200	7,900	41					

	Retail/Warehouse											
	Total Square Feet ¹	Available Square Feet ¹	Percent Available ¹	Absorption from Q2 to Q3 ²	New Available Square Feet ¹	Net Absorption ^{1, 2}	Months of Inventory ^{1,2}					
Bentonville	32,570	0	0.0%	0	0	0	-					
Fayetteville	18,300	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0					
Rogers	16,160	0	0.0%				0					
Springdale	261,723	29,100	11.1%	16,520	0	16,520	5					

¹From all Q3 2006 respondents

constant. Average reported lease rates for office/warehouse space remained fairly constant in the other cities in Northwest Arkansas during the quarter, as well.

Retail/Warehouse

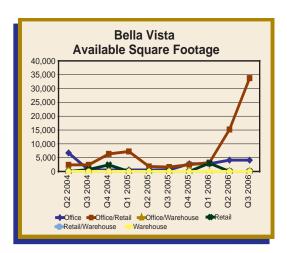
The CBER panelists reported on 365,103 square feet of retail/warehouse space in the third quarter of 2006. The vacancy rate in the retail/warehouse submarket declined from 18.1 percent in the second quarter to 16.5 percent in the third quarter in Northwest Arkansas, with 60,410 total square feet available in the third quarter. From the second quarter to the third quarter of 2006, there was positive absorption of 11,820 square feet of retail/warehouse space, while no new square feet came online. The entire absorption amount was concentrated in Springdale, with Lowell having negative net absorption and no activity in the other Northwest Arkansas markets. Springdale and Siloam Springs have the bulk of available retail/warehouse space in Northwest Arkansas. The Northwest Arkansas vacancy rate decline was the result of positive net absorption during the quarter.

The retail/warehouse lease rates in Springdale declined a bit, coming more in line with the average reported rates in the other cities in Northwest Arkansas. Average reported lease rates also declined in Bentonville and remained constant in Rogers and Fayetteville.

²From Q3 2006 respondents who were also Q2 2006 respondents

Bella Vista

- Bella Vista had 323,538 square feet of competitive commercial space in the third quarter of 2006.
- CBER panelists reported vacancy statistics, lease rate ranges, and other characteristics for 311,678 square feet of commercial space in the third quarter of 2006. This represents 96.3 percent of the commercial space in Bella Vista.
- In the third quarter of 2006, Bella Vista experienced negative net absorption of 18,575 square feet in the office/retail submarket and no activity in other submarkets.
- Reported vacancy rates increased in the office/retail submarkets and were unchanged in other submarkets in Bella Vista from the second quarter to the third quarter of 2006 due to reported vacancies.
- Reported average lease rates were unchanged in Bella Vista in the third quarter of 2006.





Bella Vista	Bella Vista Commercial Real Estate Market Summary Statistics										
	Average Lease Rate Range	Total Square Feet ¹	Available Square Feet ¹	Percent Available ¹	Absorption from Q2 to Q3 ²	New Available Square Feet ¹	Net Absorption ^{1, 2}	Months of Inventory ^{1,}			
Industrial		_					_				
Office	\$13.43 - \$13.93	11,554	4,100	35.5%	0	0	0				
Class A			_								
Class B	\$13.85 - \$13.85	3,450	1,300	37.7%	0	0	0				
Class C											
Medical	\$13.00 - \$14.00	8,104	2,800	34.6%	0	0	0				
Office/Retail	\$8.78 - \$11.30	260,638	33,747	12.9%	6,425	25,000	-18,575				
Class A											
Class B	\$8.78 - \$11.30	260,638	33,747	12.9%	6,425	25,000	-18,575				
Class C		-	-								
Office/Warehouse		-	-								
Retail	\$3.46 - \$3.46	21,000	0	0.0%	0	0	0				
Class A		-	-				-				
Class B	\$3.46 - \$3.46	21,000	0	0.0%	0	0	0				
Class C		-	-			-	-				
Retail/Warehouse	-	-	_			-	-				
Warehouse	\$1.00 - \$2.70	18,486	0	0.0%	0	0	0				

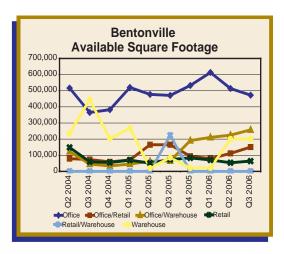
¹From all Q3 2006 respondents

²From Q3 2006 respondents who were also Q2 2006 respondents

Bella Vista Commercial Properties Office/RetailOffice Office/Retail Office/Retail Office/Retail

Bentonville

- Bentonville had 5,033,114 square feet of competitive commercial space in the third quarter of 2006.
- From June to August 2006, Bentonville issued building permits for 577,875 square feet of new commercial space, valued at a total of \$21,014,259.
- CBER panelists reported vacancy statistics, lease rate ranges, and other characteristics for 5,055,621 8 square feet of commercial space in the third quarter of 2006. This represents over 100 percent of the commercial space in Bentonville in the Benton County Assessor's database.
- In the third quarter of 2006, Bentonville experienced positive net absorption in the office and office/retail submarkets and negative net absorption in the retail and office/warehouse submarkets. There was no reported activity in the retail/warehouse and warehouse submarkets.



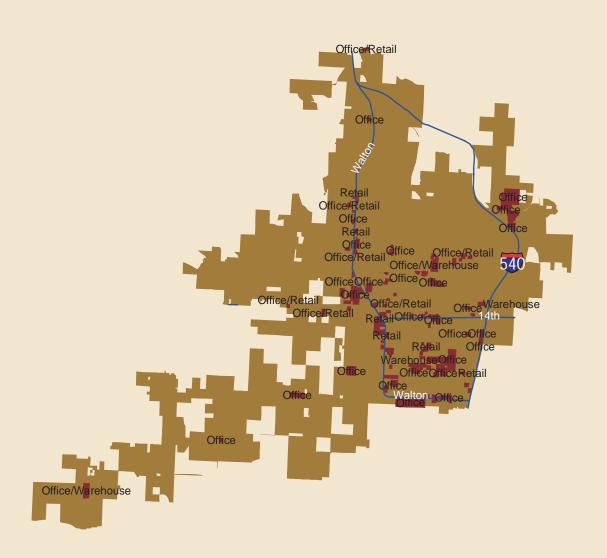
- Within the office market, 117,596 square feet of space came online. Despite the additional space, there was positive net absorption overall.
- The retail submarket had negative net absorption of 8,667 square feet in Class A space and 6,935 square feet in Class B space with positive absorption of 4,817 square feet in the Class C retail submarket.
- Reported vacancy rates declined in the office and office/warehouse submarkets from the second quarter to the third quarter of 2006 and increased in the retail and warehouse submarkets.
- Average reported lease rates for Class B office space were basically unchanged during the third quarter. Average reported lease rates for Class B office/retail space increased slightly, while average reported lease rates for Class B retail space declined slightly. Average reported lease rates for warehouse space declined in the third quarter of 2006.

	Average Lease Rate Range	Total Square Feet ¹	Available Square Feet ¹	Percent Available ¹	Absorption from Q2 to Q3 ²	New Available Square Feet¹	Net Absorption ^{1, 2}	Months of Inventory ^{1,}
Industrial	_	10,320	0	0.0%	0	0	0	
Office	\$14.46 - \$14.96	2,652,336	472,317	17.8%	153,740	117,546	36,194	39.1
Class A	\$17.81 - \$18.41	399,076	162,257	40.7%	21,506	0	21,506	22.6
Class B	\$14.30 - \$14.82	2,134,491	277,299	13.0%	104,744	107,135	-2,391	
Class C	\$6.82 - \$6.82	9,571	2,321	24.3%	-2,321	0	-2,321	
Medical	\$16.55 - \$16.75	109,198	30,440	27.9%	29,811	10,411	19,400	4.7
Office/Retail	\$12.38 - \$13.92	653,928	150,678	23.0%	9,386	38,869	-29,483	
Class A	\$16.50 - \$19.75	38,910	8,325	21.4%	0	0	0	
Class B	\$12.87 - \$14.46	523,169	132,783	25.4%	7,786	38,869	-31,083	
Class C	\$8.22 - \$8.77	91,849	9,570	10.4%	1,600	0	1,600	17.9
Office/Warehouse	\$10.03 - \$11.88	843,666	257,613	30.5%	86,250	119,000	-32,750	
Retail	\$13.00 - \$13.44	373,126	64,033	17.2%	-667	8,000	-8,667	
Class A	\$16.00 - \$19.50	39,534	21,895	55.4%	-6,395	0	-6,395	
Class B	\$13.60 - \$13.98	261,983	26,138	10.0%	12,817	8,000	4,817	16.3
Class C	\$11.34 - \$11.51	71,609	16,000	22.3%	-7,089	0	-7,089	
Retail/Warehouse	\$3.84 - \$5.56	32,570	0	0.0%	0	0	0	
Warehouse	\$7.79 - \$8.77	489,675	201,300	41.1%	0	0	0	

¹From all Q3 2006 respondents

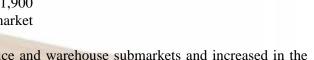
²From Q3 2006 respondents who were also Q2 2006 respondents

Bentonville Commercial Properties



Fayetteville

- Favetteville had 8.567,147 square feet of competitive commercial space in the third quarter of 2006.
- From June to August 2006, Fayetteville issued building permits for 86,780 square feet of new commercial space, valued at a total of \$6,147,723. The total value was about the same as the same period last year.
- CBER panelists reported vacancy statistics, lease rate ranges, and other characteristics for 5,572,854 square feet of commercial space in the third quarter of 2006. This represents 65.0 percent of the total competitive commercial space in Fayetteville.
- In the third quarter of 2006, Fayetteville experienced positive net absorption in the office and warehouse submarkets, no absorption in the office/warehouse and retail/warehouse submarkets, and negative net absorption in the office/retail and retail submarkets.
- A total of 106,870 square feet of office/retail, and a total of 51,900 square feet of retail space entered the Fayetteville commercial market in the third quarter of 2006.



◆Office ◆Office/Retail ◆Office/Warehouse Warehouse

9

Fayetteville

Available Square Footage

03 9

 Q_2 Q

2006

02 03

9

300,000

250,000

200,000

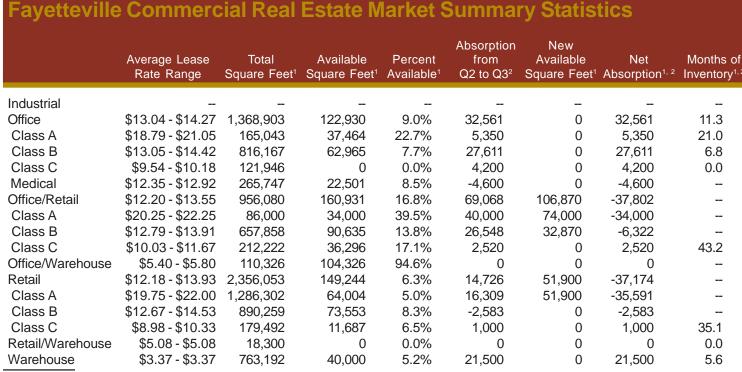
150,000

100,000

50,000

022 03

- Observed vacancy rates declined in the third quarter in the office and warehouse submarkets and increased in the office/retail, office/warehouse, and retail submarkets.
- Class B office, office/retail, and retail space average reported lease rates increased slightly in the third quarter.. Average reported warehouse lease rates were constant.

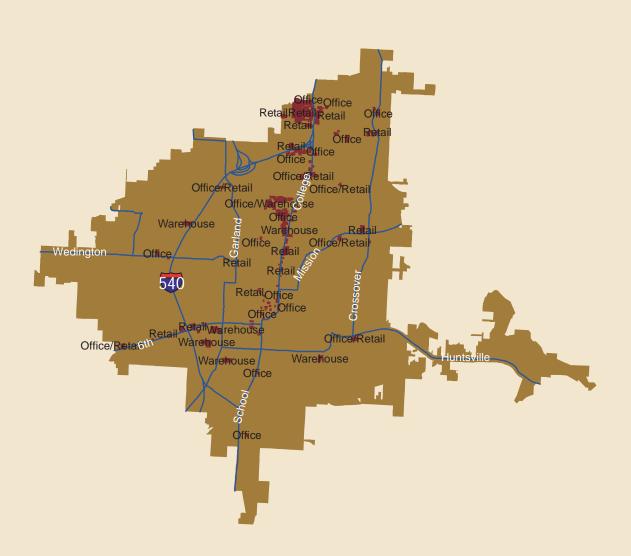


¹From all Q3 2006 respondents

²From Q3 2006 respondents who were also Q2 2006 respondents

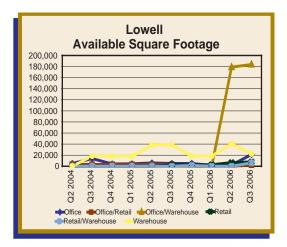


Fayetteville Commercial Properties



Lowell

- Lowell had 960,521 square feet of competitive commercial space in the third quarter of 2006.
- From June to August 2006, Lowell issued building permits for new commercial space of 2,484 square feet, valued at a total of \$462,712. This was a dramatic decline from the activity of previous quarters.
- CBER panelists reported vacancy statistics, lease rate ranges, and other characteristics for 516,843 square feet of commercial space in the third quarter of 2006. This represents 53.8 percent of the total competitive commercial space in Lowell.
- In the third quarter of 2006, Lowell experienced positive absorption in the warehouse submarket, negative absorption in the office/retail, office/ warehouse, retail, and retail/warehouse submarkets and no effective absorption in the office submarket.
- Reported vacancy rates increased in the office, office/retail, and retail/ warehouse submarkets from the second quarter to the third quarter of 2006 and declined in the retail and warehouse submarkets in Lowell.
- Reported third quarter average lease rates were basically unchanged in all submarkets.

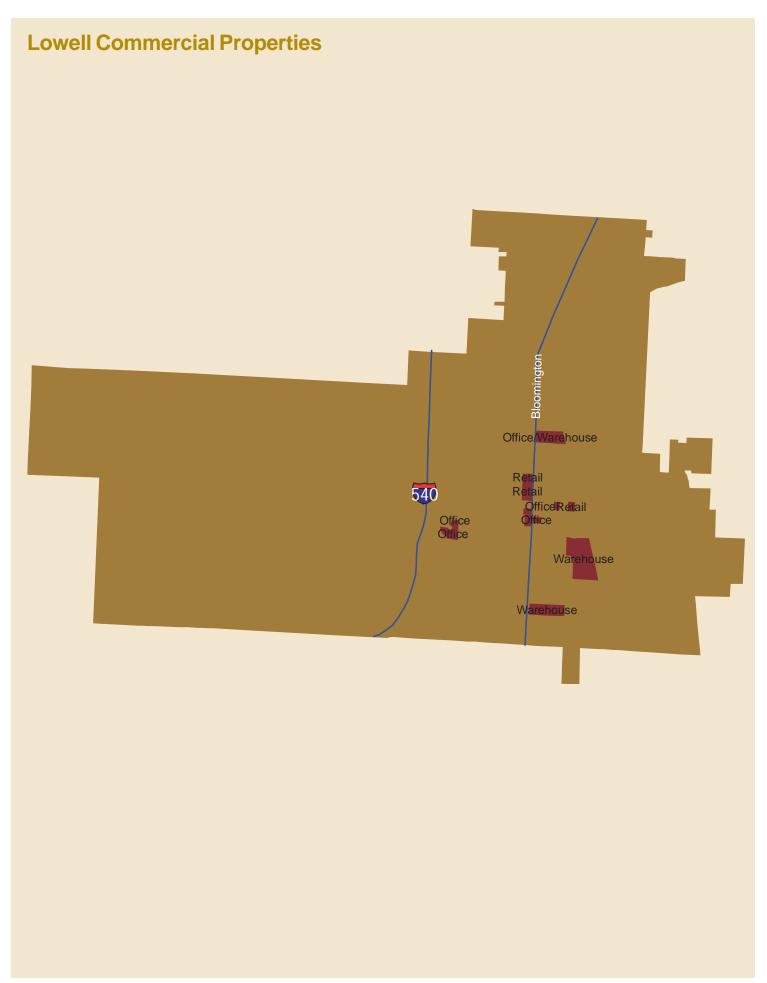


Lowell Commercial Real Estate Market Summary Statistics

	Average Lease Rate Range	Total Square Feet¹	Available Square Feet¹	Percent Available ¹	Absorption from Q2 to Q3 ²	New Available Square Feet ¹	Net Absorption ^{1, 2}	Months of Inventory ^{1,}
Industrial	_							
Office	\$15.98 - \$16.03	169,020	21,088	12.5%	0	0	0	
Class A	\$18.50 - \$18.50	111,552	0	0.0%	0	0	0	
Class B	\$13.45 - \$13.55	57,468	21,088	36.7%	0	0	0	
Class C	_	_						
Medical	_	_						
Office/Retail	\$12.00 - \$12.00	15,900	2,210	13.9%	-2,210	0	-2,210	
Class A	_	_		_				
Class B	\$12.00 - \$12.00	15,900	2,210	13.9%	-2,210	0	-2,210	
Class C	_	_		_				
Office/Warehouse	\$6.42 - \$6.42	194,040	183,720	94.7%	4,720	9,440	-4,720	
Retail	\$11.67 - \$14.67	75,695	7,875	10.4%	14,364	15,680	-1,316	-
Class A								-
Class B	\$11.67 - \$14.67	75,695	7,875	10.4%	14,364	15,680	-1,316	-
Class C								-
Retail/Warehouse	\$10.89 - \$10.89	11,240	6,200	55.2%	-6,200	0	-6,200	-
Warehouse	\$6.25 - \$6.25	50,948	22,150	43.5%	18,400	0	18,400	3.6

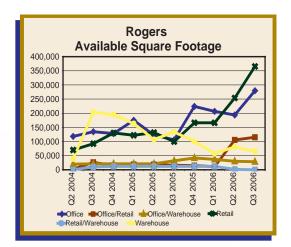
¹From all Q3 2006 respondents

²From Q3 2006 respondents who were also Q2 2006 respondents



Rogers

- Rogers had 6,087,914 square feet of competitive commercial space in the third quarter of 2006.
- From June to August 2006, Rogers issued building permits for new commercial space valued at a total of \$23,479,198.
- CBER panelists reported vacancy statistics, lease rate ranges, and other characteristics for 5,204,432 square feet of commercial space in the third quarter of 2006. This represents 85.5 percent of the total competitive commercial space in Rogers.
- In the third quarter of 2006, Rogers experienced positive net absorption in the office/warehouse, retail/warehouse, warehouse submarkets and negative net absorption in the office, office/retail, and retail submarkets.
- A total of 174,800 square feet of office space came online in the Rogers market in the third quarter. In the office/retail submarket, an additional 14,000 square feet of space came online. A whopping 920,000 square feet of Class A retail came online in the Rogers market in the third quarter.
- Reported vacancy rates increased in the office and office/warehouse submarkets in the third quarter. Vacancy rates were down in the office/ retail, retail, retail/warehouse, and warehouse submarkets in the third quarter of 2006.
- Average reported lease rates for Class B office space increased while Class B retail space rates were constant in the third quarter. Reported average warehouse lease rates increased slightly in Rogers.

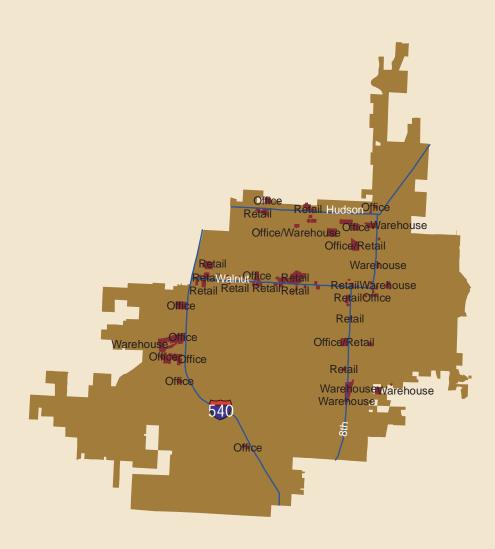


Rogers Commercial Real Estate Market Summary Statistics											
	Average Lease Rate Range	Total Square Feet¹	Available Square Feet ¹	Percent Available ¹	Absorption from Q2 to Q3 ²	New Available Square Feet ¹	Net Absorption ^{1, 2}	Months of Inventory ^{1.}			
Industrial	\$6.00 - \$6.00	8,000	0	0.0%	0	0	0	_			
Office	\$15.79 - \$16.94	1,374,302	279,661	20.3%	46,286	174,800	-128,514				
Class A	\$18.72 - \$20.28	899,073	217,523	24.2%	44,038	146,800	-102,762				
Class B	\$12.65 - \$13.65	392,863	55,688	14.2%	48	28,000	-27,952				
Class C	\$10.21 - \$10.21	60,101	1,418	2.4%	2,232	0	2,232	1.9			
Medical	\$15.00 - \$15.00	22,265	5,032	22.6%	-32	0	-32	-			
Office/Retail	\$12.97 - \$14.14	591,580	114,829	19.4%	7,529	14,000	-6,471	-			
Class A	\$24.50 - \$24.50	129,316	69,670	53.9%	0	0	0				
Class B	\$12.25 - \$12.25	77,012	34,259	44.5%	10,000	14,000	-4,000				
Class C	\$9.33 - \$12.83	176,506	10,900	6.2%	-2,471	0	-2,471				
Office/Warehouse	\$5.66 - \$7.17	352,422	28,614	8.1%	1,470	0	1,470	58.4			
Retail	\$12.50 - \$13.32	2,500,388	365,370	14.6%	813,459	920,000	-106,541				
Class A	\$18.28 - \$18.99	1,598,964	167,140	10.5%	814,986	920,000	-105,014				
Class B	\$9.99 - \$10.81	679,015	179,880	26.5%	-10,100	0	-10,100				
Class C	\$8.42 - \$9.42	222,409	18,350	8.3%	8,573	0	8,573	6.4			
Retail/Warehouse	\$6.70 - \$6.70	16,160	0	0.0%	1,500	0	1,500	0.0			
Warehouse	\$4.09 - \$4.59	361,580	65,742	18.2%	15,112	0	15,112	13.1			

¹From all Q3 2006 respondents

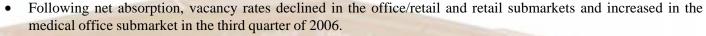
²From Q3 2006 respondents who were also Q2 2006 respondents

Rogers Commercial Properties

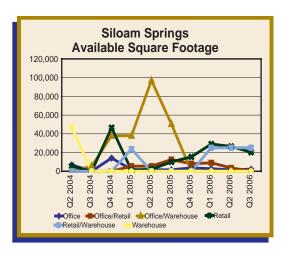


Siloam Springs

- Siloam Springs had 1,341,972 square feet of competitive commercial space in the third quarter of 2006.
- From June to August 2006, Siloam Springs issued building permits for 142,760 square feet of new commercial space, valued at a total of \$5,890,000.
- CBER panelists reported vacancy statistics, lease rate ranges, and other characteristics for 584,374 square feet of commercial space in the third quarter of 2006. This represents 43.5 percent of the total competitive commercial space in Siloam Springs.
- In third quarter of 2006, Siloam Springs experienced positive net absorption in the office/retail and retail submarkets and negative net absorption in the medical office submarket. The other submarkets had no activity.
- No square feet of new retail space came online in the third quarter of



Average reported lease rates were up in the office/retail and retail submarkets in Siloam Springs in the third quarter.



Shoam Springs Commercial Real Estate Market Summary Statistics										
	Average Lease Rate Range	Total Square Feet ¹	Available Square Feet ¹	Percent Available ¹	Absorption from Q2 to Q3 ²	New Available Square Feet¹	Net Absorption ^{1, 2}	Months of Inventory ^{1,2}		
Industrial	_				_			_		
Office	\$11.98 - \$12.83	80,760	2,200	2.7%	-700	0	-700			
Class A	_	_		_	_					
Class B	\$7.39 - \$8.27	9,728	0	0.0%	0	0	0	-		
Class C	-			-	_			-		
Medical	\$13.51 - \$14.34	71,032	2,200	3.1%	-700	0	-700			
Office/Retail	\$7.80 - \$7.80	50,737	0	0.0%	3,600	0	3,600	0.0		
Class A	-				-					
Class B	\$7.80 - \$7.80	50,737	0	0.0%	3,600	0	3,600	0.0		
Class C	-									
Office/Warehouse	\$3.24 - \$3.40	124,921	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0		
Retail	\$8.26 - \$9.03	302,846	20,354	6.7%	7,076	0	7,076	8.6		
Class A	_									
Class B	\$9.16 - \$9.64	187,222	18,430	9.8%	6,600	0	6,600	8.4		
Class C	\$6.00 - \$7.50	115,624	1,924	1.7%	476	0	476	12.1		
Retail/Warehouse	-	25,110	25,110	100.0%	0	0	0			
Warehouse	-									

¹From all Q3 2006 respondents

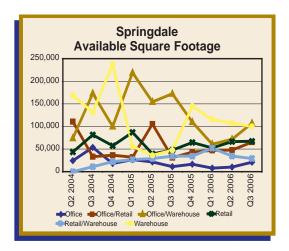
²From Q3 2006 respondents who were also Q2 2006 respondents

Siloam Springs Commercial Properties



Springdale

- Springdale had 7,011,275 square feet of competitive commercial space in the third quarter of 2006.
- From June to August 2006, Springdale issued commercial building permits valued at a total of \$25,663,800.
- CBER panelists reported vacancy statistics, lease rate ranges, and other characteristics for 5,092,537 square feet of commercial space in the third quarter of 2006. This represents 72.6 percent of the total competitive commercial space in Springdale.
- In the third quarter of 2006, Springdale experienced positive net absorption in the office/warehouse, retail/warehouse, and warehouse submarkets and negative net absorption in the office, office/retail, and retail submarkets.
- A total of 23,569 square feet of new office space was added to the Springdale commercial property market in the third quarter, while office/ retail added 12,600 square feet and office/warehouse added 7,200 square feet.
- Reported vacancy rates increased in all submarkets except retail/ warehouse and warehouse in Springdale in the third quarter.
- Reported average lease for Class B office space increased, while reported average lease rates for retail and warehouse space were basically unchanged in the third quarter of 2006.



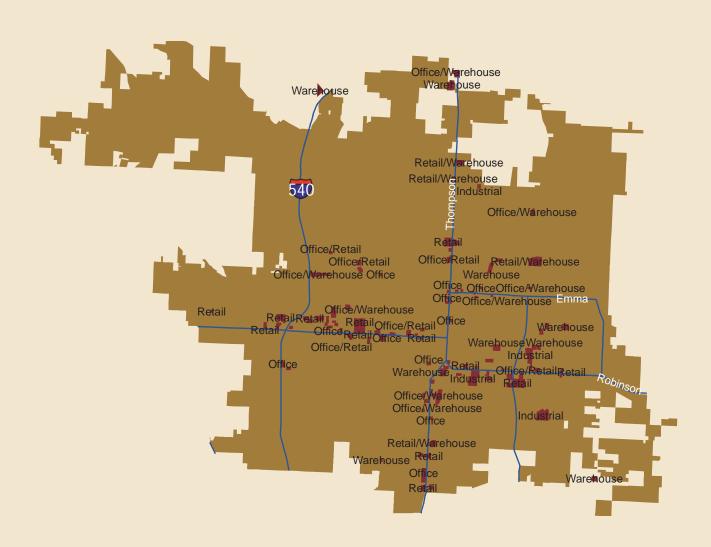
Springdale Commercial Real Estate Market Summary Statistics

	Average Lease Rate Range	Total Square Feet¹	Available Square Feet¹	Percent Available ¹	Absorption from Q2 to Q3 ²	New Available Square Feet ¹	Net Absorption ^{1, 2}	Months of Inventory ^{1,}
Industrial	\$3.50 - \$6.00	351,647	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0.0
Office	\$11.90 - \$13.36	414,831	20,867	5.0%	10,745	23,569	-12,824	
Class A	\$10.40 - \$15.38	57,248	0	0.0%	, 0	0	0	0.0
Class B	\$13.03 - \$14.82	260,961	18,863	7.2%	10,645	23,569	-12,924	
Class C	\$11.06 - \$11.06	41,244	1,104	2.7%	1,000	0	1,000	3.3
Medical	\$10.78 - \$11.78	55,378	900	1.6%	-900	0	-900	
Office/Retail	\$10.20 - \$12.15	398,917	65,324	16.4%	6,828	12,600	-5,772	
Class A	_	_	_		_	_	_	
Class B	\$12.12 - \$14.00	178,519	33,984	19.0%	6,628	12,600	-5,972	
Class C	\$8.28 - \$10.30	220,398	31,340	14.2%	200	0	200	470.1
Office/Warehouse	\$5.12 - \$8.16	1,318,135	107,306	8.1%	15,100	7,200	7,900	40.7
Retail	\$9.10 - \$10.41	1,345,726	67,334	5.0%	-12,134	7,986	-20,120	
Class A	_	_				_	_	
Class B	\$11.30 - \$13.56	1,174,006	52,582	4.5%	-15,654	7,986	-23,640	
Class C	\$7.16 - \$7.66	171,720	14,752	8.6%	3,520	0	3,520	12.6
Retail/Warehouse	\$6.15 - \$8.00	261,723	29,100	11.1%	16,520	0	16,520	5.3
Warehouse	\$3.95 - \$5.09	1,001,558	99,950	10.0%	7,350	0	7,350	40.8

¹From all Q3 2006 respondents

²From Q3 2006 respondents who were also Q2 2006 respondents

Springdale Commercial Properties



Interpreting the Numbers in the Skyline Report

The methodology that is used to produce the Skyline report has been designed to elicit the most useful, comprehensive, and upto-date information available about the Northwest Arkansas commercial real estate market. Data come from three primary sources that complement one another. Each source, however, has limitations, and as such, results should be compared and interpreted carefully.

The first level of data that the Skyline report contains comes directly from the offices of the Washington and Benton County Assessors. The Benton County Assessor Office uses Apprentice Information Systems as the subcontractor to handle data requests. On a quarterly basis, CBER staff members acquire databases containing listings of all real estate parcels within each county. The information contained in these databases is sorted by type and by size. In order to determine the population of commercial properties of interest, properties that do not meet the following minimum criteria are eliminated from consideration:

Banks: 20,000 square feet

Department Stores: 20,000 square feet Discount Stores: 20,000 square feet Industrial Buildings: 20,000 square feet

Markets: 20,000 square feet

Commercial Office Buildings: 5,000 square feet Medical Office Buildings: 5,000 square feet

Retail Buildings: 10,000 square feet

Community Shopping Centers: 5,000 square feet Neighborhood Shopping Centers: 5,000 square feet

Warehouses: 20,000 square feet

Next, properties are individually examined to determine if they are part of the competitive commercial property market. Owneroccupied and other dedicated spaces are eliminated from the base of properties that the Skyline Report examines.

The second source of data that helps comprise the Skyline Report is building permit reports from the cities of Northwest Arkansas. Each city has its own reporting requirements for building permits, which makes in-depth comparisons on a city-bycity basis impossible. Bentonville and Fayetteville have the most comprehensive building permits, which include information on the square footage of buildings and their uses in addition to the value of the permit and identifying characteristics of the property. The other cities in Northwest Arkansas only report the building address, contractor name, and value of the permit. In general, property owner or developer names are not included on building permits in Northwest Arkansas. Building permits also do not provide any sense of the estimated time of completion of a project or availability for leasing.

The third source of data for the Skyline report is a panel of large commercial property owners and managers. These individuals are responsible for the bulk of the competitive commercial properties in Northwest Arkansas. CBER researchers gather information on square footage available to the market, lease rates, and other property characteristics from the panelists. In the third quarter of 2006, 186 panelists provided data on 923 competitive properties across Benton and Washington Counties. Data are excluded for owner-occupied and dedicated spaces so that the total square feet, available square feet, and lease rates represent a sample only from properties that are currently or potentially available for lease. Vacancy rates are calculated from the sample of 923 properties and are assumed to be representative of the larger competitive commercial property market.

The panel participants vary somewhat from quarter to quarter as new contributors are added and as previous contributors fail to respond for new requests for information. Time trend analysis is dependent on having a consistent base of information so that apples-to-apples comparisons can be made. Absorption rates are only calculated for properties that are part of a matched subsample-that is, there must have been information received about a particular property in both recent quarters for the number to be included in the calculated property absorption rates. The one exception to this rule is for new properties that are completed and come online for leasing in the most recent quarter.

In order to supplement the information that is directly received from the panelists, CBER researchers also depend on business publications, public websites, and MLS data.

Classification

In order to compare similar spaces, CBER has developed a classification system for office, office/retail, and retail spaces. These classes rate the quality of each building in terms of the following criteria: age, quality of construction, location, and included amenities. Class A space represents the most prestigious buildings available in the Northwest Arkansas market. These spaces are new or newly renovated, made of the best quality materials, with brick, masonry, or glass exteriors. Class A buildings are located in highly accessible locations with easy access to major clients or customers.

Class B space includes buildings that compete for a wide range of uses, including much of the Wal-Mart vendor community. These spaces have average range rents. The buildings are attractive, but not necessarily brand new, and have a lower level of material quality than Class A buildings. Many amenities are not included in the base lease price of Class B buildings.

Class C space is adequate for users that require functional space for their businesses, but not above average locations, materials, or amenities. These buildings are often older and have lease rates that are below market averages.



Center for Business and Economic Research